Creating a PKI infrastructure with OpenSSL

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Computer security is a strategic factor in today day, every system and network administrator should, sooner or later, compare with it. This article will try to explain how to implement a <u>PKI</u> infrastructure with the program <u>OpenSSL</u> of <u>Debian</u> (Etch). Explain how to create digital certificates to secure comunications with the SMTP, IMAP, POP3 and HTTP protocols, then we will see how to implement a hierarchy of Certification Authority (CA) and how to assign a digital certificate to a person so that he can digitally sign their e-mail messages and send encrypted messages.

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Acronyms used

During the reading of the article or publications that speak of Public Key Infrastructure, you may experience the following acronyms:

Acronyms	Description		
АА	Attribute Authority		
ABA	American Bar Association Digital Signature Guidelines		
AIA	Authority Information Access		
ASN	Abstract Syntax Notation One		
СА	Certification Authority		
СМС	Certificate Management Messages over CMS		
CMS	Cryptographic Message Syntax		
CPS	Certification Practice Statement		
CRL	Certificate Revocation List		
CSP	Cryptographic Service Provider		
CSR	Certificate Signing Request		
DER	Distinguished Encoding Rules		
DSA	Digital Signature Algorithm		
EDI	Electronic Data Interchange		
LRA	Local Registration Authority		
HSM	Hardware Security Module		
IPRA	Internet Policy Registration Authority		
ISP	Internet Service Provider		

Acronyms	Description
OCSP	Online Certificate Status Protocol
OID	Object Identifier
РЕМ	Internet Privacy Enhanced Mail
РСА	Policy Certification Authorities
РКС	Public Key Certificate
РКІ	Internet Public Key Infrastructure
RA	Registration Authority

PKI with OpenSSL

During this article we will see how to implement a PKI infrastructure based on the prgram OpenSSL of the Debian (Etch) distribution. To make it easier our exposure, we suppose to create a PKI infrastructure for a company called Home Works S.p.A. This company is based in Reggio Emilia, Italy, has an IT Department and is conducting its first internal PKI infrastructure. The purpose of this PKI infrastructure is:

- create digital certificates that will be used by people of company, to sign and encrypt their e-mail messages;
- create digital certificates to enable secure communications with the SMTP (<u>Postfix</u>), IMAP, POP3 (<u>Courier</u>) and HTTP (<u>Apache</u>) protocols.

Since the company Home Works SpA has a single headquarters of great size and has no foreign locations, we create a PKI structure based only on two levels, the **Root CA** (or rather *HomeWorks Root CA*) and only one subordinate CA, the **Issuing CA** (or rather *HomeWorks Issuing CA*). The **Root CA**, once created the digital certificate for the **Issuing CA**, will be turned off and will be turned on only once time a year to create its Certificate Revocation List (CRL). This Certificate Revocation List will be available at URL http://www.homeworks.it/crl/root_ca.crl.

The digital certificate of the **Root CA** will be valid for sixteen years (for certificate longer than eight years, you should use keys of length equal to or exceeding the 2048 bits), while the digital certificate of the **Issuing CA** will be valid for eight years. The digital certificates issued by the **Issuing CA** will have the following duration:

- digital certificates issued to applications or special accounts, will have a duration of four years;
- digital certificates issued to people, will have a duration of one year.

The CRL of **Issuing CA** will be valid for thirty days, so will be updated at least once time every month. The CRL of **Issuing CA** will be made available to the URL <u>http://www.homeworks.it/crl/issuing_ca.crl</u>

For conventions adopted by the authors, all files generated by the OpenSSL program will have extension **.pem**, to remember that these files are formatted according to the standard **PEM**. All public keys not yet signed digitally, will have the suffix **public_key_req**. All digital certificates (or public keys digitally

signed), will have the suffix **public_cert**. All private keys, will have the suffix **private_key**.

Generating Root Certification Authority with OpenSSL

First at all, we install, if it were not already installed, the program OpenSSL:

apt-get install openssl

Before proceeding, however, with the creation of HomeWorks Root CA, we must define the HomeWorks Root CA and HomeWorks Issuing CA, *Certification Practice Statement*. In other words, we should on the one hand indicate a document which reported the purpose of the certificates provided by HomeWorks Root CA and the HomeWorks Issuing CA, on the other require a <u>Object Identifier</u> to identify unambiguously the certificates provided by HomeWorks Root CA and the HomeWorks Issuing CA (for more information about the Certification Practice Statement, you can see <u>RFC3647</u>).

To obtain a <u>Object Identifier</u> with which uniquely identify digital certificates of HomeWorks Root and Issuing CA, we may do a request to the <u>IANA</u>, filling out a <u>web application form</u>. In the case of Home Works S.p.A. were provided the following data:

- Organization Name: Home Works S.p.A.
- Organization Address: Via Max Born, 28 42100 Reggio Emilia (RE) Emilia Romagna Italy
- Organization Phone: 0522327124
- Contact Name: Tani Alessandro
- Contact Address: Via Max Born, 28 42100 Reggio Emilia (RE) Emilia Romagna Italy
- Contact Phone: 0522327124
- Contact Fax:
- Contact Email: support@homeworks.it

To receive a <u>Object Identifier</u> it takes up to 60 days (although usually the application is processed in about one week). Once you got the object identifier, you should register the code on the site <u>www.oid-info.com</u> in this way will be easily accessible by those who are seeking information about the owner of object identifier. Home Works S.p.A. has obtained the object identifier: <u>1.3.6.1.4.1.31012</u>. This code remains associated with the branch of the <u>Registration-Hierarchical-Name-Tree</u> corresponding to Home Works S.p.A. From the object identifier <u>1.3.6.1.4.1.31012</u> are then generated sub-identifiers that are the mission to define *Certificate Policy* on the various digital certificates, signed by HomeWorks Root CA and by HomeWorks Issuing CA. For choice of the authors of this article, it was decided to create the following sub-code:

- 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.1.1 refers to the Certification Practice Statement;
- **1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.1.2** refers to the policies for management of digital certificates issued by Certification Authority (CA), or, in our example, on certificates provided by HomeWorks Root CA or by HomeWorks Issuing CA;
- **1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.2.1** refers to the policies for managing digital certificates used by people to digitally sign their e-mail messages;
- **1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.2.2** refers to the policies for managing digital certificates provided to people who need to digitally sign electronic documents;
- 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.3.1 refers to the policies for managing digital certificates used by mail servers;

• **1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.3.2** refers to policies for managing digital certificates used by Web server, for secure communications between the client and the Web server itself;

At each of these identification codes will remain associated a document (in HTML format) explaining in detail the various policies with which digital certificates are generated and issued to people or applications.

The OpenSSL package of Debian provides a Perl script, /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA.pl, to generate easily a Certification Authority. The script /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA.pl refers to the configuration file /etc/ssl/openssl.cnf to proceed with the generation of the Certification Authority. The file /etc/ssl/openssl.cnf in the OpenSSL package, is an example, but just only an example, though fully functional, how should create both public and private keys, both certificates. To be able to create a genuine CA, we should modify the file /etc/ssl/openssl.cnf:

```
cp /etc/ssl/openssl.cnf /etc/ssl/openssl.cnf.default
vi /etc/ssl/openssl.cnf
```

We edit /etc/ssl/openssl.cnf as follows:

```
# File /etc/ssl/openssl.cnf
#
# Environment Settings
HOME = .
RANDFILE = $ENV::HOME/.rnd
## Configuration Sections ##
# OID Section
oid section = new oids
# New OID for certificate
# For more information about OID visit the site:
 http://www.alvestrand.no/objectid/index.html
[ new oids ]
# Short Name = OID Number Code
HW-CPS = 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.1.1 # Certification Practice Statement
HW-CA-Cert = 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.1.2 # Subordinate CA Certificate
HW-MAIL-Cert = 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.2.1 # Mail Certificate
HW-CODE-Cert = 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.2.2 # Code Signature Certificate
HW-TLS-MAIL-Cert = 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.3.1 # Secure Communications Mail Ser
                                                # Certificate
HW-TLS-WEB-Cert = 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.3.2 # Secure Communications Web Server
                                                   Certificate
# Certificate Authority Section
[ca]
[ ca ]
default_ca = CA_default
                                                                 # The default CA section
# Default CA configuration to sign a Certificate (Public Key)
[ CA default ]
                           = $ENV::CADIR  # Where everything is kept
= $dir/certs  # Where the issued certs are kept
= $dir/crl  # Where the issued CRL are kept
= $dir/index.txt  # Database index file
dir
                                                  # Where the issued certs are kept
certs
crl_dir
database
unique_subject = no # Allow creation of several ctificates with same
                                  # subject
new_certs_dir = $dir/newcerts # Default place for new certs.
certificate
                           = $dir/root_ca_public_cert.pem # The CA Certificate (Public
                          # Key)
= $dir/serial # The current serial number
= $dir/crlnumber # CRL Serial Number
                                                        # Key)
serial
crlnumber
                           = $dir/crl/root ca.crl  # The current CRL
crl
```

private_key = \$dir/private/root_ca_private_key.pem # The CA Private key RANDFILE x509 extensions = sub_ca_cert # The extentions to add to the certificate # (Public Key) = ca_default # Subject Name options
= ca_default # Certificate field options name_opt cert_opt = crl_ext # Certificate Revocation List (CRL) exstensions crl_extensions default_days = 2920 # How long to certify for (8 years) = 365 default_crl_days # How long before next CRL (1 year) default md = shal # Which Hash Funtions to use preserve = no # Keep passed DN ordering # Policy for CA only (this can be policy = policy match # overridden by the "-policy" option) # Extensions to add when Root CA creates an Subordinate Certificate CA (Public Key) [sub ca cert] basicConstraints = CA:true keyUsage = critical, cRLSign, keyCertSign subjectKeyIdentifier = hash authorityKeyIdentifier = keyid, issuer authorityInfoAccess = caIssuers;URI:http://www.homeworks.it/ca/cainfo.html crlDistributionPoints = URI:http://www.homeworks.it/crl/root_ca.crl e ia5org,@HomeWorks_CPS,@HomeWorks_CA_policy [HomeWorks CPS] policyIdentifier = HW-CPS CPS.1 = "http://www.homeworks.it/ca/homeworks cps.html" userNotice.1 = @HomeWorks_CPS_Notice [HomeWorks CPS Notice] explicitText = "Home Works S.p.A. Certification Practice Statement" [HomeWorks_CA_policy] policyIdentifier = HW-CA-Cert userNotice.2 = @HomeWorks CA Notice [HomeWorks CA Notice] explicitText = "Home Works S.p.A. CA Certificate Policy" # CRL exstensions [crl ext] crlDistributionPoints = URI:http://www.homeworks.it/crl/root ca.crl # Requirement for a new Private Key [req] dir = \$ENV::CADIR # Where everything is kept default bits = 2048 # This specifies the default key size in bits default_keyfile = \$dir/private/new_private_key.pem # Default new Private # Key file name (this # can be distinguished name = req distinguished name # Distinguished Name of the # subject of the certificate = req_attributes attributes x509 extensions = v3_ca # Challenge password section [req_attributes] challengePassword = A challenge password (between 6 and 20 characters) challengePassword min = 6 challengePassword max = 20 # Version 3 certificate exstensions for a new Root CA Certificate Self Signed # (Public Key) [v3 ca] basicConstraints = CA:true keyUsage = critical, cRLSign, keyCertSign subjectKeyIdentifier = hash authorityKeyIdentifier = keyid:always, issuer:always authorityInfoAccess = calssuers;URI:http://www.homeworks.it/ca/cainfo.html

crlDistributionPoints = URI:http://www.homeworks.it/crl/root_ca.crl certificatePolicies = ia5org,@HomeWorks_CPS # Distinguished Name of the certification authority [req distinguished name] 0.organizationName = Organization Name (eg, company) 0.organizationName_default= Home Works S.p.A.1.organizationName_default= Internet Company Web Site1.organizationName_default= http://www.homeworks.itorganizationalUnitName= Organizational Unit Name (eg, section) organizationalUnitName_default = HomeWorks IT Department commonName_default = Certification Authority Name (Common Name) commonName_default = HomeWorks Root CA = 64 emailAddress = Email Address (max 64 characters) = support@homeworks.it emailAddress_default emailAddress_max = 64 = Locality Name (eg, city) = Reggio Emilia = Country Name (2 letter code) localityName localityName_default countryName = ITcountryName_default countryName min = 2 countryName max = 2 countryName_max - 2
stateOrProvinceName default = State or Province Name (full name)
stateOrProvinceName_default = Italy
- STT extension number 3 # SET-ex3 = SET extension number 3 ## Policy Sections ## # For the CA only [policy_match] organizationName = match organizationalUnitName = match organizationatonicination- matchcommonName= suppliedemailAddress= optionallocalityName= optionalstateOrProvinceName= matchcountryName= match # For every certificate (Public Key) [policy_anything]
organizationName = optional organizationalUnitName = optional commonName=suppliedemailAddress=optionallocalityName=optionalstateOrProvinceName=optionalcountryName=optional # End File

More generally, the lines:

```
HW-CPS = 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.1.1 # Certification Practice Statement
HW-CA-Cert = 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.1.2 # Subordinate CA Certificate
HW-MAIL-Cert = 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.2.1 # Mail Certificate
HW-CODE-Cert = 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.2.2 # Code Signature Certificate
HW-TLS-MAIL-Cert = 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.3.1 # Secure Communications Mail Server
# Certificate
HW-TLS-WEB-Cert = 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.3.2 # Secure Communications Web Server
# Certificate
...
authorityInfoAccess = caIssuers;URI:http://www.homeworks.it/ca/cainfo.html
```

```
crlDistributionPoints = URI:http://www.homeworks.it/crl/root ca.crl
policyIdentifier = ...
                        = "http://www.homeworks.it/ca/homeworks cps.html"
CPS.1
explicitText
                        = "Home Works S.p.A. Certification Practice Statement"
explicitText
                        = "Home Works S.p.A. CA Certificate Policy"
. . .
crlDistributionPoints = URI:http://www.homeworks.it/crl/root ca.crl
. . .
stateOrProvinceName_default = Italy
localityName_default = Reggio Emilia
0.organizationName_default = Home Works S.p.A.
organizationalUnitName default = HomeWorks IT Department
                         - = HomeWorks Root CA
= support@homeworks.it
commonName default
emailAddress_default
. . .
```

should be changed, with information on the particular company which is in the process of achieving PKI infrastructure.

For simplicity we will assume that the user who will administer the CA is the user root (it should be noted that given the delicate role of the servers that host the CA, delegate administrative tasks to a user who is not root is a better choice), therefore we modify the file /root/.profile (settings that are going to illustrate are valid, however, for any user):

vi /root/.profile

We add the following environment variables relating to Home Works Root CA:

```
# CA Settings
CADIR=/usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA
OPENSSL_CONF=/etc/ssl/openssl.cnf
export CADIR OPENSSL CONF
```

We enable the new configuration of the /root/.profile file:

source /root/.profile

By default, the command /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA.pl creates *public keys* that are valid for three years. Three years may seem a reasonable value in many circumstances, but to avoid creating unnecessary administrative burdens, we change the file /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA.pl so as to create digital certificates for a period of sixteen years (that is, 5840 days):

```
cp /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA.pl /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA.pl.default
chmod 644 /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA.pl.default
vi /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA.pl
```

The following lines:

```
$CADAYS="-days 1095"; # 3 years
$CATOP="./demoCA";
$CAKEY="cakey.pem";
$CAREQ="careq.pem";
$CACERT="cacert.pem";
```

should become respectively:

\$CADAYS="-days 5840"; # 16 years

```
$CATOP="./CA";
$CAKEY="root_ca_private_key.pem";
$CAREQ="root_ca_public_key_req.pem";
$CACERT="root_ca_public_cert.pem";
```

We make a copy of the file /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA.pl if, during the process of updating the OpenSSL package, can be accidentally overwritten:

cp /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA.pl /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA.pl.backup chmod 644 /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA.pl.backup

We are ready to create the Home Works Root CA (having altered in a way appropriate the file /etc/ssl/openssl.cnf, for many fields relating to the creation of HomeWorks Root CA public and private key pairs, you can leave the default values). If nothing is specified within the various fields, then you will be left the default value, which is listed in the square brackets. To leave the default value you should press the *Enter* button:

```
cd /usr/lib/ssl/misc/
./CA.pl -newca
CA certificate filename (or enter to create) <-- Press Enter
Making CA certificate ...
Generating a 2048 bit RSA private key
.....+++
writing new private key to './CA/private/root ca private key.pem'
Enter PEM pass phrase: homeworks
Verifying - Enter PEM pass phrase: homeworks
You are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated
into your certificate request.
What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN.
There are quite a few fields but you can leave some blank
For some fields there will be a default value,
If you enter '.', the field will be left blank.
Organization Name (eg, company) [Home Works S.p.A.]: Home Works S.p.A.
Internet Company Web Site [http://www.homeworks.it]: http://www.homeworks.it
Organizational Unit Name (eg, section) [HomeWorks IT Department]: HomeWorks IT Department
Certification Authority Name (Common Name) [HomeWorks Root CA]: HomeWorks Root CA
Email Address (max 64 characters) [support@homeworks.it]: support@homeworks.it
Locality Name (eg, city) [Reggio Emilia]: Reggio Emilia
State or Province Name (full name) [Italy]: Italy
Country Name (2 letter code) [IT]: IT
Please enter the following 'extra' attributes
to be sent with your certificate request
A challenge password (between 6 and 20 characters) []: homeworks
Using configuration from /etc/ssl/openssl.cnf
Enter pass phrase for ./CA/private/root_ca_private_key.pem: homeworks
Check that the request matches the signature
Signature ok
Certificate Details:
 Serial Number:
   ed:c9:28:8f:fa:00:58:6e
 Validity
   Not Before: May 18 13:49:58 2008 GMT
   Not After : May 14 13:49:58 2024 GMT
 Subject:
   organizationName = Home Works S.p.A.
   organizationName = http://www.homeworks.it
   organizationalUnitName = HomeWorks IT Department
   commonName = HomeWorks Root CA
   emailAddress = support@homeworks.it
   localityName = Reggio Emilia
   stateOrProvinceName = Italy
   countryName = IT
 X509v3 extensions:
   X509v3 Basic Constraints:
```

```
CA: TRUE
    X509v3 Key Usage: critical
    Certificate Sign, CRL Sign
   X509v3 Subject Key Identifier:
    09:30:BB:26:5A:05:C3:83:6E:DE:47:4E:FF:50:2C:23:0B:44:C8:D0
   X509v3 Authority Key Identifier:
   keyid:09:30:BB:26:5A:05:C3:83:6E:DE:47:4E:FF:50:2C:23:0B:44:C8:D0
    DirName:/C=IT/ST=Italy/O=Home Works S.p.A./O=http://www.homeworks.it/OU=HomeWorks IT
Department/CN=HomeWorks Root CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it
   serial:ED:C9:28:8F:FA:00:58:6E
 Authority Information Access:
   CA Issuers - URI:http://www.homeworks.it/ca/cainfo.html
 X509v3 CRL Distribution Points:
    URI:http://www.homeworks.it/crl/root_ca.crl
 X509v3 Certificate Policies:
    Policy: HW-CPS
      CPS: http://www.homeworks.it/ca/homeworks_cps.html
     User Notice:
       Explicit Text: Home Works S.p.A. Certification Practice Statement
Certificate is to be certified until May 14 13:49:58 2024 GMT (5840 days)
Write out database with 1 new entries
Data Base Updated
```

In the compilation of these fields, please note that the field **Certification Authority Name (Common Name)** can not contain values string longer than 64 characters. Since this is a Root CA, the field **Common Name** should contain a value that describe the role of the CA, in our example: **HomeWorks Root CA**. That is the Root CA of the Home Works S.p.A company.

We check that the folder /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA has been created:

```
ls -al /usr/lib/ssl/misc
drwxr-xr-x 6 root root 4096 2008-03-22 22:46 CA
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 5875 2007-03-22 22:41 CA.pl
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 5872 2008-02-05 23:35 CA.pl.backup
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 5875 2008-02-05 22:44 CA.pl.default
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 3758 2007-09-28 22:49 CA.sh
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 119 2007-09-28 22:49 c_hash
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 152 2007-09-28 22:49 c_info
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 112 2007-09-28 22:49 c_issuer
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 110 2007-09-28 22:49 c_name
```

If there is the folder /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA means that the process of creating the CA is successful. The folder /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA has the following structure:

tree CA/ CA/ |-- certs |-- crl |-- crlnumber |-- index.txt |-- index.txt.attr |-- index.txt.old |-- newcerts) `-- EDC9288FFA00586E.pem |-- private `-- root_ca_private_key.pem |-- root ca public cert.pem |-- root_ca_public_key_req.pem `-- serial 4 directories, 9 files

Where:

- /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/root_ca_public_cert.pem is the *digital certificate* of the HomeWorks Root CA.
- /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/root_ca_public_key_req.pem is the *public key* of the HomeWorks Root CA (or CSR).
- /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/private/root_ca_private_key.pem is the private key of the HomeWorks Root CA.
- The folder /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/certs contains all *certificates* provided by the HomeWorks Root CA.
- The folder /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/private contains all *private keys* of the various certificates provided.
- The folder /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/crl contains the updated copy of the *Certificate Revocation List* of the HomeWorks Root CA.

We fix the permissions of the folder *\$CADIR/private*:

chmod g-rwx,o-rwx \$CADIR/private

We monitor that the *digital certificate* of CA has been generated correctly:

openssl x509 -text -noout -in \$CADIR/root_ca_public_cert.pem

We monitor that the *private key* of CA has been generated correctly:

openssl rsa -noout -text -in \$CADIR/private/root_ca_private_key.pem

We convert the public key of CA in the format compatible with Windows systems and Mac OS X:

```
openssl x509 -in $CADIR/root_ca_public_cert.pem -out
$CADIR/root ca public cert windows format.der -outform DER
```

At this point, on every workstations that will use certificates issued by HomeWorks Root CA, should be <u>imported</u> the certificate /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/root_ca_private_key.pem if the workstations has Linux or Unix as its operating system; certificate

/usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/root_ca_public_cert_windows_format.der if the workstations has Windows or Mac OS X operating system. These digital certificates, which identify the HomeWorks Root CA, will be available to the URL <u>http://www.homeworks.it/ca/cainfo.html</u>.

Before proceeding with the creation of HomeWorks Issuing CA's public/private key pairs, we create the folders /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/ext and /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/request The folder /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/ext will be used to contain all *extensions* to the configuration file /etc/ssl/openssl.cnf, while the folder /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/request will be used to contain all new public keys which will be digitally signed (CSR):

md \$CADIR/ext md \$CADIR/request

Generation of certificates of HomeWorks Issuing CA

Once the HomeWorks Root CA is operational, we can proceed with the creation of HomeWorks Issuing CA's certificates. We start with the creation of HomeWorks Issuing CA's public/private key pairs (req option allows the creation of public keys comply with the specific <u>PKCS#10 X.509 Certificate Signing</u> <u>Request</u>):

openssl req -new -nodes -keyout \$CADIR/private/issuing_ca_private_key.pem -out

```
$CADIR/request/issuing ca public key req.pem
Generating a 2048 bit RSA private key
. . . . . . . . +++
. . . +++
writing new private key to '/usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/private/issuing ca private key.pem'
You are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated
into your certificate request.
What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN.
There are quite a few fields but you can leave some blank
For some fields there will be a default value,
If you enter '.', the field will be left blank.
Organization Name (eg, company) [Home Works S.p.A.]: Home Works S.p.A.
Internet Company Web Site [http://www.homeworks.it]: http://www.homeworks.it
Organizational Unit Name (eg, section) [HomeWorks IT Department]: HomeWorks IT Department
Certification Authority Name (Common Name) [HomeWorks Root CA]: HomeWorks Issuing CA
Email Address (max 64 characters) [support@homeworks.it]: support@homeworks.it
Locality Name (eg, city) [Reggio Emilia]: Reggio Emilia
Country Name (2 letter code) [IT]: IT
State or Province Name (full name) [Italy]: Italy
Please enter the following 'extra' attributes
to be sent with your certificate request
A challenge password (between 6 and 20 characters) []: homeworks
```

The option -nodes allow to do not specify the *pass phrase* with which then use the certificate, in this way it will be easier to create the CRL associated with HomeWorks Issuing CA and more generally certificates issued by this CA.

We monitor that the public key of Issuing CA, *\$CADIR/request/issuing_ca_public_key_req.pem*, has been created correctly:

openssl req -text -noout -in \$CADIR/request/issuing_ca_public_key_req.pem

We create the certificate to be assigned to HomeWorks Issuing CA:

```
openssl ca -policy policy anything -out $CADIR/certs/issuing ca public cert.pem -infiles
$CADIR/request/issuing_ca_public_key_req.pem
Using configuration from /etc/ssl/openssl.cnf
Enter pass phrase for /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/private/root ca private key.pem:
Check that the request matches the signature
Signature ok
Certificate Details:
 Serial Number:
   ed:c9:28:8f:fa:00:58:6f
  Validity
   Not Before: May 18 14:13:20 2008 GMT
   Not After : May 16 14:13:20 2016 GMT
  Subject:
   organizationName = Home Works S.p.A.
   organizationName = http://www.homeworks.it
    organizationalUnitName = HomeWorks IT Department
   commonName = HomeWorks Issuing CA
   emailAddress = support@homeworks.it
   localityName = Reggio Emilia
   stateOrProvinceName = Italy
    countryName = IT
 X509v3 extensions:
   X509v3 Basic Constraints:
      CA: TRUE
   X509v3 Key Usage: critical
      Certificate Sign, CRL Sign
    X509v3 Subject Key Identifier:
      CC:A7:3D:F0:35:F0:83:8E:5A:1F:D0:67:AD:E9:63:95:5F:3C:C4:74
    X509v3 Authority Key Identifier:
     keyid:AA:E1:35:E1:5D:E3:FE:87:55:CB:56:AD:97:C5:73:72:D4:EE:CB:AE
    Authority Information Access:
```

```
CA Issuers - URI:http://www.homeworks.it/ca/cainfo.html
    X509v3 CRL Distribution Points:
     URI:http://www.homeworks.it/crl/root ca.crl
   X509v3 Certificate Policies:
      Policy: HW-CPS
        CPS: http://www.homeworks.it/ca/homeworks cps.html;
        User Notice:
           Explicit Text: Home Works S.p.A. Certification Practice Statement
      Policy: HW-CA-Cert
        User Notice:
            Explicit Text: Home Works S.p.A. CA Certificate Policy
Certificate is to be certified until Mar 24 23:13:29 2016 GMT (2920 days)
Sign the certificate? [y/n]: y
1 out of 1 certificate requests certified, commit? [y/n] y
Write out database with 1 new entries
Data Base Updated
```

We monitor that the digital certificate of HomeWorks Issuing CA has been generated correctly:

openssl x509 -text -noout -in \$CADIR/certs/issuing_ca_public_cert.pem

We convert the public key of HomeWorks Issuing CA in the format compatible with Windows systems and Mac OS X:

```
openssl x509 -in $CADIR/certs/issuing_ca_public_cert.pem -out
$CADIR/certs/issuing_ca_public_cert_windows_format.der -outform DER
```

On all workstations stations that will use certificates issued by HomeWorks Issuing CA, should be <u>imported</u> the certificate /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/certs/issuing_ca_public_cert.pem if the workstations has Linux or Unix as its operating system; certificate

/usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/certs/issuing_ca_public_cert_windows_format.der if the workstations has Windows or Mac OS X operating system. These digital certificates, which identify the HomeWorks Issuing CA, will be available to the URL <u>http://www.homeworks.it/ca/cainfo.html</u>.

It should be noted that certificates issued by HomeWorks Issuing CA are considered *reliable*, that is worthy of trust, if on all workstations that will have to use certificates issued by HomeWorks Issuing CA, will be installed both the certificate of **HomeWorks Root CA** and the certificate of **HomeWorks Issuing CA**.

Installation of digital certificates in Firefox and Thunderbird

As an example to assign the certificates of **HomeWorks Root CA** and of **HomeWorks Issuing CA** to a workstation, we take a wokstation with Windows XP Professional, <u>Firefox</u> and <u>Thunderbird</u> installed. In this case we will have to take versions of certificates of **HomeWorks Root CA** and of **HomeWorks Issuing CA** in **DER** format:

- /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/root_ca_public_cert_windows_format.der is the digital certificate of HomeWorks Root CA;
- /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/certs/issuing_ca_public_cert_windows_format.der is the digital certificate of HomeWorks Issuing CA.

We suppose that our Windows workstation sample has downloaded in the C:\Certificates the two certificates above, downloading from the site <u>http://www.homeworks.it/ca/cainfo.html</u>.

To charge the two certificates in Firefox you can just proceed as follows:

- Firefox start;
- open the Tools menu and select Options;
- open the section Advanced and then the Encryption subsection;
- make sure they are selected entries Use SSL 3.0 and Use TLS 1.0;
- press the button View Certificates;
- go through Authorities tab;
- press the button **Import**;
- import before the file C:\Certificates\root_ca_public_cert_windows_format.der and then the file C:\Certificates\issuing_ca_public_cert_windows_format.der;
- press the OK button to confirm the changes made to Authorities tab;
- in the window entitled **Options**, press the **OK** button;
- if you wish, at this point you can close Firefox.

In this way Firefox will consider reliable all certificates issued by **HomeWorks Issuing CA**. Similarly, to charge the two digital certificates of **HomeWorks Root CA** and **HomeWorks Issuing CA** in Thunderbird, you can proceed as follows:

- Thunderbird start;
- open the Tools menu and select Options;
- open the section Advanced and then the subsection Certificates;
- press the button View Certificates;
- go through Authorities tab;
- press the button **Import**;
- import before the file C:\Certificates\root_ca_public_cert_windows_format.der and then the file C:\Certificates\issuing ca public cert windows format.der;
- press the OK button to confirm the changes made to Authorities tab;
- in the window entitled **Options**, press the **OK** button;
- if you wish, at this point you can close Thunderbird.

In this way Thunderbird consider reliable all certificates issued by HomeWorks Issuing CA.

If the PKI infrastructure you are making is public, or you want the certificates issued by your Issuing CA are accessible to as many people as possible, without anyone should download the Issuing and Root CA certificates to resolve the **Certification Path**, you may decide to ask to enter the CA of your PKI infrastructure, in the list of CA within Firefox and Thunderbird. To enter your digital certificates within Firefox and Thunderbird CA list by default, you should ensure that your PKI infrastructure implemented, meet the requirements indicated in the document Mozilla CA Certificate Policy.

CRL generation of HomeWorks Root CA

To complete the creation of HomeWorks Root CA, we have to generate the *Certificate Revocation List* (or more briefly *CRL*) associated with HomeWorks Root CA. To create the CRL, will create a digital certificate that will be then revoked. For simplicity we will call this certificate with the name of *\$CADIR/certs/cr1_public_cert.pem*. So, first we create the public/private key pairs:

```
If you enter '.', the field will be left blank.
-----
Organization Name (eg, company) [Home Works S.p.A.]: Home Works S.p.A.
Internet Company Web Site [http://www.homeworks.it]: http://www.homeworks.it
Organizational Unit Name (eg, section) [HomeWorks IT Department]: HomeWorks IT Department
Certification Authority Name (Common Name) [HomeWorks Root CA]: CRL of HomeWorks Root CA
Email Address (max 64 characters) [support@homeworks.it]: support@homeworks.it
Locality Name (eg, city) [Reggio Emilia]: Reggio Emilia
Country Name (2 letter code) [IT]: IT
State or Province Name (full name) [Italy]: Italy
Please enter the following 'extra' attributes
to be sent with your certificate request
A challenge password []:<-- Premi Invio
An optional company name []:<-- Premi Invio</pre>
```

Then we digitally sign the public key *\$CADIR/request/crl_public_key_req.pem*:

```
openssl ca -policy policy_anything -out $CADIR/certs/crl_public_cert.pem -infiles
$CADIR/request/crl_public_key_req.pem
```

At the end we revoke the certificate *\$CADIR/certs/crl public cert.pem*:

```
openssl ca -revoke $CADIR/certs/crl_public_cert.pem
Using configuration from /etc/ssl/openssl.cnf
Enter pass phrase for /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/private/root_ca_private_key.pem: homeworks
Revoking Certificate EDC9288FFA005870.
Data Base Updated
```

After this, we create the CRL:

```
openssl ca -gencrl -out $CADIR/crl/root_ca.crl
Enter pass phrase for /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/private/root ca private key.pem: homeworks
```

We convert the CRL to DER format:

openssl crl -in \$CADIR/crl/root_ca.crl -out \$CADIR/crl/root_ca.crl -outform DER

At this point we have to make public the CRL, to make it accessible through the URL <u>http://www.homeworks.it/crl/root_ca.crl</u> The CRL will be generated once a year (as specified by the parameter default_crl_days of the configuration file /etc/ssl/openssl.cnf), possibly a week before its expiry. Since the HomeWorks Root CA will be largely off, not being involved in the generation of certificates, the task of creating a CRL will be performed in manual mode.

It should be noted that applications usually are not able to control, in automatic way, the CRL. We should therefore <u>configure in a timely manner</u> so that each application controls the CRL associated with the CA who provided the certificate (in our aritcle, the CA, will be the HomeWorks Root CA and HomeWorks Issuing CA).

Rename the certificate \$caDIR/certs/crl_public_key_req.pem, its public key
\$caDIR/private/crl_public_cert.pem and its corresponding private key,
\$caDIR/private/crl_private_key.pem, adding the suffix .revoked:

mv \$CADIR/certs/crl_public_cert.pem \$CADIR/certs/crl_public_cert.pem.revoked mv \$CADIR/request/crl_public_key_req.pem \$CADIR/request/crl_public_key_req.pem.revoked mv \$CADIR/private/crl_private key.pem \$CADIR/private/crl_private key.pem.revoked

Creating the HomeWorks Issuing CA

Once generated the private key of HomeWorks Issuing CA and its digital certificate, we can proceed to

finalize the HomeWorks Issuing CA. For obvious security reasons, it is good that the HomeWorks Issuing CA will be hosted on a server other than hosting the HomeWorks Root CA (in fact, the server hosting the HomeWorks Root CA should be switched off and only turned on to make or maintenance on the system, or generate the CRL of HomeWorks Root CA). The private key of HomeWorks Issuing CA and its digital certificate, should be moved, in a safe manner, from the server that hosting HomeWorks Root CA, to the server that hosting HomeWorks Issuing CA (usually the use of a USB stick should be more than good).

As done before for the HomeWorks Root CA, we suppose, for simplicity, that the administrator user of the HomeWorks Issuing CA will be root user (again what we said about HomeWorks Root CA is true about HomeWorks Issuing CA, given the delicacy of the role of CA, the administrative tasks of CA should be delegated to someone other than root user).

First we change the file /root/.profile:

vi /root/.profile

We add the following environment variables relating to HomeWorks Issuing CA:

```
# CA Settings
CADIR=/usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA
OPENSSL_CONF=/etc/ssl/openssl.cnf
export CADIR OPENSSL_CONF
```

We load the new configuration files /root/.profile:

source /root/.profile

On the server hosting the HomeWorks Issuing CA we should proceed to create the following structure folders and files:

```
/usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA
|-- root ca public cert.pem
|-- root_ca_public_cert_windows_format.der
|-- issuing ca public cert.pem
|-- issuing ca public cert windows format.der
|-- certs
|-- crl
|-- crlnumber
|-- ext
|-- index.txt
|-- newcerts
|-- oid
|-- private
`-- issuing_ca_private_key.pem
|-- request
`-- serial
```

To create the structure indicated we proceed as follows:

```
md $CADIR
md $CADIR/certs
md $CADIR/certs
md $CADIR/cr1
md $CADIR/ext
md $CADIR/newcerts
md $CADIR/oid
md $CADIR/private
md $CADIR/request
chmod g-rwx,o-rwx $CADIR/private
echo '84D2C38B199FEA83' > $CADIR/serial
```

To generate the random numbers to put in the file *\$cADIR/serial* we used the function **Random Number Generator** of the site <u>www.dnsstuff.com</u>. We copy in the structure just created the files

issuing_ca_private_key.pem, issuing_ca_public_cert.pem, root_ca_public_cert_windows_format.der, root_ca_public_cert.pem e issuing_ca_public_cert_windows_format.der, taking care of:

- copy the file issuing_ca_public_cert_windows_format.der and issuing_ca_public_cert.pem in the folder /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA;
- copy the file issuing_ca_private_key.pem in the folder /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/private
- copy the file root_ca_public_cert_windows_format.der and root_ca_public_cert.pem in the folder /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA;

We join the digital certificate of HomeWorks Root CA with the digital certificate of HomeWorks Issuing CA, we get the *global certificate* of the PKI infrastructure realized:

```
cat $CADIR/root_ca_public_cert.pem $CADIR/issuing_ca_public_cert.pem >
$CADIR/global_ca_public_cert.pem
```

Just as we did for HomeWorks Root CA, we customize the file /etc/ssl/openssl.cnf:

```
cp /etc/ssl/openssl.cnf /etc/ssl/openssl.cnf.originale
vi /etc/ssl/openssl.cnf
```

We modify the file <u>/etc/ssl/openssl.cnf</u> as follow:

```
# File /etc/ssl/openssl.cnf
#
# Environment Settings
HOME
             = .
RANDFILE
             = $ENV::HOME/.rnd
## Configuration Sections ##
# OID Section
oid section = new oids
# New OID for certificate
# For more information about OID visit the site: <u>http://www.alvestrand.no/objectid/</u>
# index.html
[ new oids ]
               = OID Number Code
# Short Name
                = 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.1.1 # Certification Practice Statement
HW-CPS
HW-CA-Cert
HW-CPS
               = 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.1.2 # Subordinate CA Certificate
HW-MAIL-Cert = 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.2.1 # Mail Certificate
HW-CODE-Cert = 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.2.2 # Code Signature Certificate
HW-TLS-MAIL-Cert = 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.3.1 # Secure Communications Mail Server
                                         # Certificate
HW-TLS-WEB-Cert = 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.3.2 # Secure Communications Web Server
                                         # Certificate
# Certificate Authority Section
[ca]
default ca
                = CA default
                                         # The default CA section
# Default CA configuration to sign a Certificate (Public Key)
[ CA default ]
dir
                 = $ENV::CADIR
                                        # Where everything is kept
certs
                 = $dir/certs
                                         # Where the issued certs are kept
crl dir
                 = $dir/crl
                                        # Where the issued CRL are kept
```

= \$dir/index.txt # Database index file. database unique_subject = no # Creation of several ctificates with same subject. new_certs_dir = \$dir/newcerts # Default place for new certs. certificate = \$dir/issuing_ca_public_cert.pem # The CA Certificate (Public # Key) # The current serial number = \$dir/serial serial = \$dir/crlnumber # The current CRL number must be commented out crlnumber # to leave a V1 CRL = \$dir/crl/issuing ca.crl # The current CRL crl private_key = \$dir/private/issuing_ca_private_key.pem # The CA Private key
RANDFILE = \$dir/private/.rand # Private random number file x509 extensions = email cert # The extentions to add to the email certificate # (Public Key) = ca default # Subject Name options name opt default days = $146\overline{0}$ # How long to certify for (4 years) default crl days = 30 # How long before next CRL (1 month) default_md = sha1 # Which Hash Funtions to use. preserve = no # Keep passed DN ordering policy = policy anything # Default policy # Extensions to add when CA signs an eMail Security Certificate (Public Key) [email cert] basicConstraints = CA:false nsComment = "eMail Signing Encryption Certificate" nsCertType = email keyUsage = critical, nonRepudiation, digitalSignature, keyEncipherment, dataEncipherment extendedKeyUsage = emailProtection subjectKeyIdentifier = hash authorityKeyIdentifier = keyid, issuer:always authorityInfoAccess = caIssuers;URI:http://www.homeworks.it/ca/cainfo.html crlDistributionPoints = URI:http://www.homeworks.it/crl/issuing ca.crl certificatePolicies = ia5org,@HomeWorks_CPS,@HomeWorks_eMail_CA_Policy [HomeWorks CPS] policyIdentifier = HW-CPS = "http://www.homeworks.it/ca/homeworks cps.html" CPS.1 userNotice.1 = @HomeWorks CPS Notice [HomeWorks CPS Notice] explicitText = "Home Works S.p.A. Certification Practice Statement" [HomeWorks eMail CA Policy] policyIdentifier = HW-MAIL-Cert userNotice.2 = @HomeWorks eMail CA Notice [HomeWorks_eMail_CA_Notice] explicitText = "Home Works S.p.A. Signature and Encryption Mail Certificate Policy" # CRL exstensions [crl ext] crlDistributionPoints = URI:http://www.homeworks.it/crl/issuing ca.crl # Requirement for a new Private Key [req] = \$ENV::CADIR # Where everything is kept dir default bits = 1024 # This specifies the default key size in bits = \$dir/private/new private key.pem # Default new Private Key default keyfile # file name distinguished name = req distinguished name email # Distinguished Name of the # email certificate attributes = req attributes # Certificate Version 3 extensions x509 extensions = email cert # The extentions to add to the CA certificate # Distinguished Name of the eMail Security Certificate [req distinguished name email]

name = First Name (eg, Alessandro) name max = 2.4surname = Surname (eq, Tani) = 64 surname max 0.organizationName= Organization Name (eg, your company)0.organizationName_default= Home Works S.p.A.1.organizationName_default= Internet Company Web Site1.organizationName_default= http://www.homeworks.itorganizationalUnitName= Organizational Unit Name (eg, your department) organizationalUnitName_default = HomeWorks IT Department commonName = Person Name (Common Name) commonName max = 64 = Email Address (max 64 characters) emailAddress emailAddress_default = support@homeworks.it emailAddress max = 64 = Locality Name (eg, city) localityName localityName_default = Reggio Emilia stateOrProvinceName = State or Province Name (full name) stateOrProvinceName_default = Italy countryName = Country Name (2 letter code) countryName default = ITcountryName min = 2 countryName max = 2 # SET-ex3 = SET extension number 3 # Challenge password section [req attributes] challengePassword = A challenge password (between 6 and 20 characters) challengePassword min = 6 challengePassword max = 20# Version 3 Extensions to add to a subordinate CA certificate [sub ca cert] basicConstraints = CA:false subjectKeyIdentifier = hash keyUsage = nonRepudiation, digitalSignature, keyEncipherment authorityInfoAccess = caIssuers;URI:http://www.homeworks.it/ca/cainfo.html crlDistributionPoints = URI:http://www.homeworks.it/crl/issuing ca.crl certificatePolicies = ia5org,@HomeWorks CPS,@HomeWorks CA policy # These extensions should be added when creating a proxy certificate [proxy cert ext] = CA:false basicConstraints ubjectKeyIdentifier = hash authorityKeyIdentifier = keyid, issuer:always = critical, language:id-ppl-anyLanguage, pathlen:3, proxyCertInfo policy:policy anything ## Policy Sections ## # For the CA only [policy_match] organizationName = match organizationalUnitName = match commonName = supplied emailAddress localityName = optional = optional stateOrProvinceName = match countryName = match # For every certificate (Public Key) [policy_anything] name = optional surname = optional organizationName = optional organizationalUnitName = optional commonName = supplied

emailAddress	= optional
localityName	= optional
stateOrProvinceName	= optional
countryName	= optional

End File

More generally, the parties:

```
...
authorityInfoAccess = caIssuers;URI:http://www.homeworks.it/ca/cainfo.html
crlDistributionPoints = URI:http://www.homeworks.it/crl/issuing_ca.crl
policyIdentifier = ...
CPS.1 = "http://www.homeworks.it/ca/issuing_ca_cps.html";
userNotice.1 = @HomeWorks_Issuing_CA_Notice
explicitText = "HomeWorks Issuing CA Certification Practice Statement"
explicitText = "Home Works S.p.A. Secure Communications Mail Server
Certificate Policy"
...
stateOrProvinceName_default = Italy
localityName_default = Reggio Emilia
0.organizationName_default = Home Works S.p.A.
organizationalUnitName_default = HomeWorks IT Department
commonName_default = HomeWorks Issuing CA
emailAddress_default = support@homeworks.it
...
```

should be changed, with information on the particular company which is in the process of achieving PKI infrastructure.

In implementing the configuration file /etc/ssl/openssl.cnf was assumed that the HomeWorks Issuing CA will provide, during his normal life, many more certificates to digitally sign and encrypt e-mail messages, compared to all other types of certificates that HomeWorks Issuing CA is able to deliver. Therefore, the configuration file proposed generates this kind of *preferential* certificates.

CRL generation of HomeWorks Issuing CA

To complete the creation of HomeWorks Issuing CA, we have to generate the *Certificate Revocation List* (CRL) associated with it. To create the CRL, we will create a digital certificate that will be then revoked. For simplicity we will call this certificate with the name of *scaDiR/certs/crl_public_cert.pem*. So, first we create the public/private key pairs:

```
openssl req -new -nodes -keyout $CADIR/private/crl private key.pem -out
$CADIR/request/crl public key req.pem
Generating a 1024 bit RSA private key
.....+++++++
....+++++++
writing new private key to '/usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/private/crl private key.pem'
You are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated
into your certificate request.
What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN.
There are quite a few fields but you can leave some blank
For some fields there will be a default value,
If you enter '.', the field will be left blank.
First Name (eg, Alessandro) []: Alessandro
Surname (eg, Tani) []: Tani
Organization Name (eg, your company) [Home Works S.p.A.]: Home Works S.p.A.
Internet Company Web Site [http://www.homeworks.it]: http://www.homeworks.it
Organizational Unit Name (eg, your department) [HomeWorks IT Department]: HomeWorks IT
```

```
Department

Person Name (Common Name) []: CRL of HomeWorks Issuing CA

Email Address (max 64 characters) [support@homeworks.it]: support@homeworks.it

Locality Name (eg, city) [Reggio Emilia]: Reggio Emilia

State or Province Name (full name) [Italy]: Italy

Country Name (2 letter code) [IT]: IT

Please enter the following 'extra' attributes

to be sent with your certificate request

A challenge password []:<-- Premi Invio

An optional company name []:<-- Premi Invio
```

We digitally sign the public key \$CADIR/request/crl_public_key_req.pem:

```
openssl ca -out $CADIR/certs/crl_public_cert.pem -infiles
$CADIR/request/crl_public_key_req.pem
```

We revoke the certificate \$CADIR/certs/crl_public_cert.pem:

```
openssl ca -revoke $CADIR/certs/crl_public_cert.pem
Revoking Certificate 84D2C38B199FEA83.
Data Base Updated
```

We create the CRL of HomeWorks Issuing CA:

openssl ca -gencrl -out \$CADIR/crl/issuing_ca.crl

We convert the CRL to DER format:

openssl crl -in \$CADIR/crl/issuing_ca.crl -out \$CADIR/crl/issuing_ca.crl -outform DER

To publish the CRL, we make it accessible through the URL <u>http://www.homeworks.it/crl/issuing_ca.crl</u> The CRL will be generated once a month (according to what is specified by the parameter default_crl_days of the configuration file /*etc/ssl/openssl.cnf*), possibly a week before its expiry. If you want you can automate the creation of CRL using a special script properly scheduled. For example, a possible script could be:

```
#!/bin/sh
#
# We create the CRL
openssl ca -gencrl -out $CADIR/crl/issuing_ca.crl
#
# We convert the CRL from the PEM format to the DER format
openssl crl -in $CADIR/crl/issuing_ca.crl -out $CADIR/crl/issuing_ca.crl -outform
DER
```

We rename the certifiate \$caDIR/certs/crl_public_cert.pem, the public key
\$caDIR/request/crl_public_key_req.pem and its private key, \$caDIR/private/crl_private_key.pem, adding the suffix .revoked:

```
mv $CADIR/certs/crl_public_cert.pem $CADIR/certs/crl_public_cert.pem.revoked
mv $CADIR/request/crl_public_key_req.pem $CADIR/request/crl_public_key_req.pem.revoked
mv $CADIR/private/crl_private_key.pem $CADIR/private/crl_private_key.pem.revoked
```

At this point, we can enable applications that make use of digital certificates authenticated by HomeWorks Issuing CA to <u>check periodically</u> the CRL provided by HomeWorks Issuing CA.

How to enable the control of CRL in Firefox and Thunderbird

Usually applications that use digital certificates, are unable to verify, in an automatic way, the CRL associated with each digital certificate. To enable periodic monitoring of CRL, we must manually change the configuration of these application. We shall see below how to enable the control of CRL in programs like <u>Firefox</u> and <u>Thunderbird</u>. Referring to architecture PKI achieved in this article, the CRLs of the HomeWorks Root CA and HomeWorks Issuing CA are located respectively in the following file (it is worth noting that before they can import the CRL, we need to <u>install digital certificates</u> associated with HomeWorks Root CA and HomeWorks Issuing CA):

- CRL of HomeWorks Root CA: <u>http://www.homeworks.it/crl/root_ca.crl</u>
- CRL of HomeWorks Issuing CA: <u>http://www.homeworks.it/crl/issuing_ca.crl</u>

To enable the control of CRL on the programme Firefox just do the following recipe:

- Firefox start;
- open the **Tools** menu and select **Options**;
- open the section Advanced and then the Encryption subsection;
- make sure they are selected entries Use SSL 3.0 and Use TLS 1.0;
- press the button **Revocation Lists**;
- to add a CRL to control press the button Import;
- fill the field Import CRL from, one at a time, with the following values:
 - http://www.homeworks.it/crl/root_ca.crl
 - <u>http://www.homeworks.it/crl/issuing_ca.crl</u>
- once inserted one of the values above, press the **OK**. To confirm the loading of CRL press the button **Yes**;
- select the item Enable Automatic Update for this CRL. Select then the item Update Day(s) before next Update date and set as the number of days before expiry, the value 3. Press the OK button to confirm;
- repeat the procedure indicated both for the CRL of HomeWorks Root CA, and for the HomeWorks Issuing CA;
- press OK to close the window entitled Manage CRLs;
- returned to the window entitled **Options**, press the button **Verification**;
- check that the item is selected **Do not use OCSP for certificate validation**, alternatively you can select the item **Use OCSP to validate only certificate that specify an OCSP service URL**;
- press **OK** to confirm the choice made;
- close the window entitled **Options** by pressing the **OK** button;
- if you wish, at this point you can close Firefox.

In this way Firefox will monitor regularly the CRL of HomeWorks Root CA and HomeWorks Issuing CA. Similarly, for Thunderbird just do the following:

- Thunderbird start;
- open the Tools menu and select Options;
- open the section Advanced and then the subsection Certificates;
- press the button Revocation Lists;
- to add a CRL to control press the button Import;
- fill the field Import CRL from, one at a time, with the following values:
 - <u>http://www.homeworks.it/crl/root_ca.crl</u>
 - <u>http://www.homeworks.it/crl/issuing_ca.crl</u>
- once inserted one of the values above, press the **OK** button;
- to confirm the loading of CRL press the button Yes;
- select the item Enable Automatic Update for this CRL.
- to set the mode control CRL just imported, press the Settings button;
- check that the item is selected **Enable Automatic Update for this CRL**. Select then the item **Update Day(s) before next Update date** and set as the number of days before expiry, the value **3**.

Press the button OK to confirm;

- repeat the procedure indicated both for the CRL of HomeWorks Root CA, and for the HomeWorks Issuing CA;
- Press OK to close the window titled Manage CRLs;
- returned to the window titled **Options**, press the button **Verification**;
- check that the item is selected **Do not use OCSP for certificate validation**, alternatively, you can select the item **Use OCSP to validate only certificate that specify an OCSP service URL**;
- press **OK** to confirm the choice made;
- close the window titled **Options** pressing the **OK** button;
- if you wish, at this point you can close Thunderbird.

Create the digital certificate and private key of Postfix

Once you have created HomeWorks Issuing CA you can proceed with the generation of public/private key pairs to be assigned to the various applications. We proceed with the creation of the couple <u>Postfix</u>'s public and private keys. For choice of the authors, all application public/private keys will last long four years. In the generation of public and private key pairs, we must be careful to insert in the **Common Name** the FQDN of email server (which is, in our case, *mail.homeworks.it*). We generate the configuration file to create the application digital certificates, <u>\$CADIR/ext/app_req.ext</u>:

```
touch $CADIR/ext/app_req.ext
vi $CADIR/ext/app_req.ext
```

we insert the following text:

```
# File /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/ext/app req.ext
#
# Environment Settings
HOME = .
RANDFILE = $ENV::HOME/.rnd
## Configuration Sections ##
[ req ]
dir = $ENV::CADIR
default_bits = 1024
default_keyfile = $dir/private/new_app_private_key.pem
default_days = 1460
default_md = sha1
distinguished name = req distinguished name app
attributes = req attributes
# Distinguished Name of the eMail Security Certificate
[ req distinguished_name_app ]
0.organizationName= Organization Name (eg, your company)0.organizationName_default= Home Works S.p.A.1.organizationName_default= Internet Company Web Site1.organizationName_default= http://www.homeworks.itorganizationalUnitName= Organizational Unit Name (eg, your department)
organizationalUnitName_default = HomeWorks IT Department
                                   = FQDN host name (Common Name)
commonName
commonName max
                                     = 64
emailAddress
                                    = Email Address (max 64 characters)
emailAddress_default
                                   = support@homeworks.it
emailAddress_max
                                    = 64
                                    = Locality Name (eg, city)
localityName
localityName_default
                                   = Reggio Emilia
```

```
stateOrProvinceName
                               = State or Province Name (full name)
stateOrProvinceName_default
                              = Italy
countryName
                              = Country Name (2 letter code)
countryName_default
                               = IT
countryName_min
                               = 2
                               = 2
countryName max
                               = SET extension number 3
# SET-ex3
# Challenge password section
[ req attributes ]
challengePassword
                    = A challenge password (between 6 and 20 characters)
challengePassword min = 6
challengePassword max = 20
# End File
```

Now we are ready to generate the Postfix's public/private key pairs:

```
openssl req -new -nodes -keyout $CADIR/private/postfix private key.pem -out
$CADIR/request/postfix public key req.pem -config $CADIR/ext/app req.ext
Generating a 1024 bit RSA private key
.++++++
writing new private key to '/usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/private/postfix private key.pem'
____
You are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated
into your certificate request.
What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN.
There are quite a few fields but you can leave some blank
For some fields there will be a default value,
If you enter '.', the field will be left blank.
Organization Name (eg, your company) [Home Works S.p.A.]: Home Works S.p.A.
Internet Company Web Site [http://www.homeworks.it]: http://www.homeworks.it
Organizational Unit Name (eg, your department) [HomeWorks IT Department]: HomeWorks IT
Department
FQDN host name (Common Name) []: mail.homeworks.it
Email Address (max 64 characters) [support@homeworks.it]: postmaster@homeworks.it
Locality Name (eg, city) [Reggio Emilia]: Reggio Emilia
State or Province Name (full name) [Italy]: Italy
Country Name (2 letter code) [IT]: IT
Please enter the following 'extra' attributes
to be sent with your certificate request
A challenge password []: homeworks
```

We check that *Postfix's public key* has been generated correctly:

openssl req -text -noout -in \$CADIR/request/postfix_public_key_req.pem

Before proceeding with the generation of the Postfix's certificate, we must create the file with extensions X.509 to be applied to the certificate. Therefore we will create the file <u>\$CADIR/ext/mail_server_x509_cert.ext</u>:

```
touch $CADIR/ext/mail_server_x509_cert.ext
vi $CADIR/ext/mail server x509 cert.ext
```

we insert the following text:

File /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/ext/mail server x509 cert.ext

basicConstraints	=	CA:false	
nsComment	=	"Mail Server Certificate"	
nsCertType	=	server, client	
keyUsage	=	critical, digitalSignature,	keyEncipherment
extendedKeyUsage	=	serverAuth, clientAuth	

```
subjectKeyIdentifier
                       = hash
 authorityKeyIdentifier = keyid, issuer:always
 authorityInfoAccess = caIssuers;URI:http://www.homeworks.it/ca/cainfo.html
 crlDistributionPoints = URI:http://www.homeworks.it/crl/issuing_ca.crl
 certificatePolicies = ia5org,@HomeWorks_CPS,@HomeWorks_Mail_Server_CA_Policy
 [ HomeWorks CPS ]
 policyIdentifier = 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.1.1
                  = "http://www.homeworks.it/ca/homeworks_cps.html"
 CPS.1
 userNotice.1
                  = @HomeWorks CPS Notice
  [ HomeWorks CPS Notice ]
 explicitText
                 = "Home Works S.p.A. Certification Practice Statement"
  [ HomeWorks Mail Server CA Policy ]
 policyIdentifier = 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.3.1
                 = @HomeWorks Mail Server CA Notice
 userNotice.2
  [ HomeWorks Mail Server CA Notice ]
                 = "Home Works S.p.A. Secure Communications Mail Server Certificate
 explicitText
Policy"
```

```
# End File
```

Now we can proceed to create the Postfix's certificate:

```
openssl ca -policy policy_anything -out $CADIR/certs/postfix_public_cert.pem -extfile $CADIR/
ext/mail server x509 cert.ext -infiles $CADIR/request/postfix public key req.pem
Using configuration from /etc/ssl/openssl.cnf
Check that the request matches the signature
Signature ok
Certificate Details:
  Serial Number:
   84:d2:c3:8b:19:9f:ea:84
  Validity
   Not Before: May 24 22:38:24 2008 GMT
   Not After : May 23 22:38:24 2012 GMT
 Subject:
   organizationName = Home Works S.p.A.
   organizationName = http://www.homeworks.it
   organizationalUnitName = HomeWorks IT Department
   commonName = mail.homeworks.it
   emailAddress = postmaster@homeworks.it
   localityName = Reggio Emilia
   stateOrProvinceName = Italy
   countryName = IT
 X509v3 extensions:
   X509v3 Basic Constraints:
     CA:FALSE
   Netscape Comment:
     Mail Server Certificate
   Netscape Cert Type:
     SSL Client, SSL Server
   X509v3 Key Usage:
      Digital Signature, Non Repudiation, Key Encipherment, Data Encipherment
    X509v3 Extended Key Usage: critical
        TLS Web Server Authentication, TLS Web Client Authentication
    X509v3 Subject Key Identifier:
      05:57:24:DB:4C:D8:18:0C:C8:35:99:30:1F:55:C5:FF:99:E2:F7:CD
    X509v3 Authority Key Identifier:
      keyid:CC:A7:3D:F0:35:F0:83:8E:5A:1F:D0:67:AD:E9:63:95:5F:3C:C4:74
     DirName:/C=IT/ST=Italy/O=Home Works S.p.A./O=http://www.homeworks.it/OU=HomeWorks IT
Department/CN=HomeWorks Root CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it
      serial:F0:27:8F:E6:31:7D:C5:D7
    Authority Information Access:
     CA Issuers - URI:http://www.homeworks.it/ca/cainfo.html
   X509v3 CRL Distribution Points:
      URI:http://www.homeworks.it/crl/issuing ca.crl
```

```
X509v3 Certificate Policies:
Policy: 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.1.1
CPS: http://www.homeworks.it/ca/homeworks_cps.html;
User Notice:
Explicit Text: Home Works S.p.A. Certification Practice Statement
Policy: 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.3.1
User Notice:
Explicit Text: Home Works S.p.A. Secure Communications Mail Server Certificate
Policy
Certificate is to be certified until May 23 22:38:24 2012 GMT (1460 days)
Sign the certificate? [y/n]: y
1 out of 1 certificate requests certified, commit? [y/n] y
Write out database with 1 new entries
Data Base Updated
```

We check if the Certification Path of the certificate just created is valid:

```
openssl verify -CAfile $CADIR/root_ca_public_cert.pem -untrusted
$CADIR/issuing_ca_public_cert.pem $CADIR/certs/postfix_public_cert.pem
/usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/certs/postfix_public_cert.pem: OK
```

or:

```
openssl verify -CAfile $CADIR/global_ca_public_cert.pem $CADIR/certs/postfix_public_cert.pem
/usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/certs/postfix_public_cert.pem: OK
```

We check if the certificate is an SSL Server Certificate:

```
openssl verify -purpose sslserver -CAfile $CADIR/global_ca_public_cert.pem
$CADIR/certs/postfix_public_cert.pem
/usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/certs/postfix_public_cert.pem: OK
```

We check the content of the Postfix's certificate:

```
openssl x509 -text -noout -in $CADIR/certs/postfix public cert.pem
Certificate:
Data:
  Version: 3 (0x2)
  Serial Number:
    84:d2:c3:8b:19:9f:ea:84
 Signature Algorithm: shalWithRSAEncryption
 Issuer: C=IT, ST=Italy, L=Reggio Emilia, O=Home Works S.p.A., O=http://www.homeworks.it,
OU=HomeWorks IT Department, CN=HomeWorks Issuing CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it
  Validity
   Not Before: May 24 22:38:24 2008 GMT
   Not After : May 23 22:38:24 2012 GMT
 Subject: O=Home Works S.p.A., O=http://www.homeworks.it, OU=HomeWorks IT Department,
CN=mail.homeworks.it/emailAddress=postmaster@homeworks.it, L=Reggio Emilia, ST=Italy, C=IT
  Subject Public Key Info:
    Public Key Algorithm: rsaEncryption
   RSA Public Key: (1024 bit)
     Modulus (1024 bit):
        00:bf:f6:7c:be:ff:dd:da:29:84:39:a8:f6:4b:af:
        08:fa:27:9f:92:d0:de:ab:26:36:70:66:c2:e4:ad:
        6c:05:d6:21:44:4e:2a:d9:b3:8a:24:47:04:42:67:
        8f:52:de:28:54:c8:ec:5a:58:dd:36:ac:06:fd:18:
        6a:29:46:2a:6a:3c:99:15:aa:f1:7b:f5:94:de:41:
        77:44:f0:f7:b9:a7:fe:8e:57:be:e9:14:26:e6:41:
        36:9d:6e:a6:b4:83:fc:ff:93:c7:3f:82:94:98:26:
        9e:61:4d:3c:07:48:68:a1:46:d1:0e:c9:5b:77:7e:
        e5:58:2e:18:e2:74:4c:ef:59
   Exponent: 65537 (0x10001)
  X509v3 extensions:
     X509v3 Basic Constraints:
       CA:FALSE
   Netscape Comment:
     Mail Server Certificate
```

```
Netscape Cert Type:
       SSL Client, SSL Server
     X509v3 Key Usage: critical
       Digital Signature, Non Repudiation, Key Encipherment, Data Encipherment
     X509v3 Extended Key Usage:
       TLS Web Server Authentication, TLS Web Client Authentication
     X509v3 Subject Key Identifier:
       05:57:24:DB:4C:D8:18:0C:C8:35:99:30:1F:55:C5:FF:99:E2:F7:CD
     X509v3 Authority Key Identifier:
       keyid:CC:A7:3D:F0:35:F0:83:8E:5A:1F:D0:67:AD:E9:63:95:5F:3C:C4:74
       DirName:/C=IT/ST=Italy/O=Home Works S.p.A./O=http://www.homeworks.it/OU=HomeWorks IT
Department/CN=HomeWorks Root CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it
       serial:F0:27:8F:E6:31:7D:C5:D7
     Authority Information Access:
       CA Issuers - URI:http://www.homeworks.it/ca/cainfo.html
     X509v3 CRL Distribution Points:
         URI:http://www.homeworks.it/crl/issuing ca.crl
     X509v3 Certificate Policies:
       Policy: 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.1.1
         CPS: http://www.homeworks.it/ca/homeworks_cps.html;
         User Notice:
           Explicit Text: Home Works S.p.A. Certification Practice Statement
       Policy: 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.3.1
         User Notice:
           Explicit Text: Home Works S.p.A. Secure Communications Mail Server Certificate
Policy
   Signature Algorithm: shalWithRSAEncryption
     8b:d5:ca:3d:fa:8c:30:0a:9c:db:c7:1b:43:64:63:5f:7c:e4:
      70:7d:b3:4a:88:48:de:a2:ff:ad:fb:c5:8c:38:f5:4e:73:7a:
      25:33:e4:1e:f5:b1:10:de:4b:4f:d7:13:84:67:ac:b1:3d:1f:
      91:1b:95:e3:a7:9a:23:a0:32:b8:d5:7c:2b:26:d5:d7:b0:a5:
     a4:bb:5d:52:c7:f2:f7:8c:9a:16:8c:a7:84:46:03:70:08:84:
     96:18:b5:e2:3c:f8:f6:86:39:43:16:49:97:e3:91:78:92:f3:
     10:88:bd:6b:38:29:ce:00:83:7e:2d:df:a8:dd:1a:78:b4:a4:
      65:59
```

So the Postfix's private key and digital certificate are these files:

- *\$CADIR/private/postfix_private_key.pem* is the Postfix's *private key*;
- *\$CADIR/certs/postfix_public_cert.pem* is the Postfix's *digital certificate*.

We make available to Postfix its certificate and its private key just created:

- the certificate of Postfix, \$\$ scaDIR/certs/postfix_public_cert.pem, should be copied to the folder /
 etc/postfix/certs/ on the server where Postfix is installed;
- the private key of Postfix, \$caDIR/private/postfix_private_key.pem, should be copied to the folder /etc/postfix/certs/ on the server where Postfix is installed. Restrict teh access to the private key to only root uuser;
- the global certificate for HomeWorks Root CA and HomeWorks Issuing CA, \$CADIR/global_ca_public_cert.pem, should be copied to the folder /etc/postfix/certs/ on the server where Postfix is installed;

For example:

```
cp $CADIR/private/postfix_private_key.pem /etc/postfix/certs/
chmod 600 /etc/postfix/certs/postfix_private_key.pem
cp $CADIR/certs/postfix_public_cert.pem /etc/postfix/certs/
cp $CADIR/global_ca_public_cert.pem /etc/postfix/certs/
```

In the configuration that we adopt, we configure Postfix to consider *reliable* only the HomeWorks Issuing CA, and, to consider only valid certificates generated by HomeWorks Issuing CA. Therefore we change the Postfix configuration file, /etc/postfix/main.cf, on the SMTP server sections (or when Postfix behaves as an SMTP server):

```
postconf -e smtpd_tls_CAfile = /etc/postfix/certs/global_ca_public_cert.pem
postconf -e smtpd_tls_cert_file = /etc/postfix/certs/postfix_public_cert.pem
postconf -e smtpd_tls_key_file = /etc/postfix/certs/postfix_private_key.pem
postconf -e smtpd use tls = yes
postconf -e smtpd tls session cache database = btree: ${queue directory}/smtpd scache
postconf -e smtpd_tls_session_cache_timeout = 3600s
postconf -e smtpd_tls_auth_only = no
postconf -e smtpd tls loglevel = 1
postconf -e smtpd tls received header = yes
postconf -e tls random source = dev:/dev/urandom
```

While on the SMTP client section (or as Postfix behaves as an SMTP client) we configure Postfix to consider reliable all public certificates (the list of public CA to be considered reliable is located within the

file /etc/ssl/certs/ca-certificates.crt):

```
ln -s /etc/ssl/certs/ca-certificates.crt /etc/postfix/certs/ca-certificates.crt
postconf -e smtp_use_tls = yes
postconf -e smtp_tls_note_starttls_offer = yes
postconf -e smtp_tls_CAfile = /etc/postfix/certs/ca-certificates.crt
postconf -e smtp tls session cache database = btree:${queue directory}/smtp scache
postconf -e smtp tls session cache timeout = 3600s
smtp tls loglevel = 1
```

The configuration about Transport Layer Security (TLS) located within the file /etc/postfix/main.cf should look like:

```
cat /etc/postfix/main.cf
```

```
• • •
# TLS parameters (Server Side, from this SMTP Server to Mail Client)
smtpd tls CAfile = /etc/postfix/certs/global ca public cert.pem
smtpd tls cert file = /etc/postfix/certs/postfix public cert.pem
smtpd tls key file = /etc/postfix/certs/postfix private key.pem
smtpd use tls = yes
smtpd tls session cache database = btree:${queue directory}/smtpd scache
smtpd tls auth only = no
smtpd tls loglevel = 1
smtpd tls received header = yes
smtpd tls session cache timeout = 3600s
tls random source = dev:/dev/urandom
# See /usr/share/doc/postfix/TLS README.gz in the postfix-doc package for
# information on enabling SSL in the smtp client.
# TLS parameters (Client Side, from this SMTP Server to another SMTP Server)
smtp use tls = yes
smtp tls note starttls offer = yes
smtp tls CAfile = /etc/postfix/certs/ca-certificates.crt
smtp tls session cache database = btree:${queue directory}/smtp scache
smtp tls session cache timeout = 3600s
smtp tls loglevel = 1
. . .
```

As in the authentication process between two TLS SMTP server, sometimes we may experience some problems, for these situations we advance create a special file that inhibit the use of TLS protocol to certain SMTP server. We create for this purpose the file /etc/postfix/deny_tls_per_domains:

vi /etc/postfix/deny tls per domains

We insert the following text:

```
# File /etc/postfix/deny tls per domains
#
# Insert the DNS domain should to be denied to use client-side TLS
```

```
#
# Example: mybusinessdomain.com
#
# DNS domain name
#
gmail.com
# End File
```

None

Action (None)

None

We create the hash map of the file, /etc/postfix/deny_tls_per_domains:

postmap hash:/etc/postfix/deny_tls_per_domains

We insert the follow line in the file, /etc/postfix/main.cf.

postconf -e smtp_tls_per_site = hash:/etc/postfix/deny_tls_per_domains

and check the correct configuration, of the file /etc/postfix/main.cf, simulating a TLS connection:

openssl s client -starttls smtp -CAfile /etc/postfix/certs/global ca public cert.pem -connect localhost:25 CONNECTED (0000003) depth=2 /C=IT/ST=Italy/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT Department/CN=HomeWorks Root CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it verify return:1 depth=1 /C=IT/ST=Italy/L=Reggio Emilia/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT Department/CN=HomeWorks Issuing CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it verifv return:1 depth=0 /C=IT/ST=Italy/L=Reggio Emilia/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT Department/CN=mail.homeworks.it/emailAddress=postmaster@homeworks.it verify return:1 _ _ _ Certificate chain 0 s:/C=IT/ST=Italy/L=Reggio Emilia/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT Department/CN=mail.homeworks.it/emailAddress=postmaster@homeworks.it i:/C=IT/ST=Italy/L=Reggio Emilia/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT Department/CN=HomeWorks Issuing CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it 1 s:/C=IT/ST=Italy/L=Reggio Emilia/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT Department/CN=HomeWorks Issuing CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it i:/C=IT/ST=Italy/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT Department/CN=HomeWorks Root CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it 2 s:/C=IT/ST=Italy/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT Department/CN=HomeWorks Root CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it i:/C=IT/ST=Italy/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT Department/CN=HomeWorks Root CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it Server certificate ----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----MIIErzCCBBigAwIBAgIJANgUMb8Nfv2RMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBBQUAMIG3MQswCQYD VQQGEwJJVDEOMAwGA1UECBMFSXRhbHkxFjAUBgNVBAcTDVJ1Z2dpbyBFbWlsaWEx GjAYBgNVBAoTEUhvbWUgV29ya3MgUy5wLkEuMSAwHgYDVQQLExdIb211V29ya3Mg SVQqRGVwYXJ0bWVudDEdMBsGA1UEAxMUSG9tZVdvcmtzIE1zc3VpbmcqQ0ExIzAh BgkqhkiG9w0BCQEWFHN1cHBvcnRAaG9tZXdvcmtzLm10MB4XDTA4MDMy0TAyMDgy ${\it M1} o {\it XDTEyMDMyODAyMDgyM1} owgbc {\it xCzAJBgNVBAYTAk1UMQ4} w DAYDVQQIEwVJdGFs$ eTEWMBQGA1UEBxMNUmVnZ21vIEVtaWxpYTEaMBqGA1UEChMRSG9tZSBXb3JrcyBT LnAuQS4xIDAeBgNVBAsTF0hvbWVXb3JrcyBJVCBEZXBhcnRtZW50MRowGAYDVQQD ExFtYWlsLmhvbWV3b3Jrcy5pdDEmMCQGCSqGSIb3DQEJARYXcG9zdG1hc3RlckBo b211d29ya3MuaXQwgZ8wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADgY0AMIGJAoGBALGJI5ZBWk5V /14bTChuPh8f3R91UW1bEUJze7IxWIXaSqmS9W2CnPXZ03MQmp0uMA/p/BnzaqZk KoVowPid99+S310EmYLv0tbZ2ckVtHbbi9wP3ZXRHZUfZoa7ALhDoBrWH5TjyN6Q nZ07tiqlE8PHCY551bMRkbZW378fQ7z1AgMBAAGjggG/MIIBuzAJBgNVHRMEAjAA ${\it MBEGCWCGSAGG+EIBAQQEAwIGwDALBgNVHQ8EBAMCBPAwHQYDVR01BBYwFAYIKwYB}$ BQUHAwEGCCsGAQUFBwMCMB0GA1UdDgQWBBRBtnfg2nht4wSK1MDF6uYzT12U6TCB 0QYDVR0jBIHJMIHGgBSsR70nfSaM+wdWc7ZiHQ/raI6T16GBoqSBnzCBnDELMAkG A1UEBhMCSVQxDjAMBgNVBAgTBUl0YWx5MRowGAYDVQQKExFIb211IFdvcmtzIFMu cC5BLjEgMB4GA1UECxMXSG9tZVdvcmtzIE1UIER1cGFydG11bnQxGjAYBgNVBAMT EUhvbWVXb3JrcyBSb290IENBMSMwIQYJKoZIhvcNAQkBFhRzdXBwb3J0QGhvbWV3 b3Jrcy5pdIIJANgUMb8Nfv2KMD8GCCsGAQUFBwEBBDMwMTAvBggrBgEFBQcwAoYj aHR0cDovL3d3dy5ob211d29ya3MuaXQvY2FpbmZvLmh0bWwwOwYDVR0fBDQwMjAw oC6gLIYqaHR0cDovL3d3dy5ob211d29ya3MuaXQvY3JsL21zc3VpbmdfY2EuY3Js

```
MA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBBQUAA4GBAEm7cTPDfILe6tbHIwDMH+tY8s3KM2wFxdE10iAu
mXINBE6t5AshDdghHw/vjmWGPnt2Wh6mcGlckdrtXhwtal6q2Wgbf/1Z7PDfGBA3
KOt1t+vxSL00Nm4FeO+MwRu7W4mbKqW0UaZzzDhOp80b1exSP5E/fZS1rD5Cx2PB
L7tG
----END CERTIFICATE-----
subject=/C=IT/ST=Italy/L=Reggio Emilia/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT
Department/CN=mail.homeworks.it/emailAddress=postmaster@homeworks.it
issuer=/C=IT/ST=Italy/L=Reggio Emilia/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT
Department/CN=HomeWorks Issuing CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it
No client certificate CA names sent
SSL handshake has read 3899 bytes and written 326 bytes
New, TLSv1/SSLv3, Cipher is DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
Server public key is 1024 bit
Compression: NONE
Expansion: NONE
SSL-Session:
  Protocol : TLSv1
  Cipher : DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
  Session-ID: 101D8C076F036B0AE5A8F9483BBB6009382228B280D648EC0F9853E24CE02EB8
  Session-ID-ctx:
  Master-
Key:CC5AACC3AC41023245CA2FAC724E08445A021CA53D5CCEAAC071FA936C723DF623CEDB72421AAC22CDC3D71FE
8E6CC58
  Key-Arg : None
  Start Time: 1207172342
   Timeout : 300 (sec)
   Verify return code: 0 (ok)
220 born.homeworks.it ESMTP Postfix (Debian/GNU)
```

We close the connection test openssl s_client -starttls smtp -CAfile /etc/postfix/certs/root_ca_private_key.pem -connect localhost:25:

quit 221 2.0.0 Bye read:errno=0

If in the result of the connection TLS simulated there is the message Verify return code: 0 (ok), then it means that the configuration of Postfix is correct. At this point you can configure e-mail clients so that they can connect on SMTP-TLS to Postfix server.

Generate the digital certificate and private key of Courier

<u>Courier</u> is one of the most popular Open Source program. Between its features there is the possibility of realize IMAP, POP3, IMAP-SSL and POP3-SSL connections. The basic configuration of <u>Courier</u> allows you to automatically create digital certificates necessary for establishing IMAP-SSL and POP3-SSL connections, but if you want to integrate the communication process Transport Layer Security (TLS) with a PKI infrastructure, you should proceed to the generation of own certificates to be allocated to <u>Courier</u>. In our example, the CA predisposed to the generation of certificates is the HomeWorks Issuing CA. <u>Courier</u> can use the certificates generated by a CA, if the certificates meets the following conditions:

- certificates used by the programme Courier must call as follows:
 - /etc/courier/imapd.pem IMAP-SSL connection ;
 - /etc/courier/pop3d.pem POP3-SSL connection;
- both certificates are the union of digital certificate and the corresponding private key assigned to Courier;
- both certificates must contain the Diffie-Hellman parameters.

We start with the generation of public/private key pairs to assign to Courier (in our example, Courier is hosted on the same server on whose was installed Postfix on previous section, *mail.homeworks.it*):

```
openssl req -new -nodes -keyout $CADIR/private/courier private key.pem -out
$CADIR/request/courier public key req.pem -config $CADIR/ext/app req.ext
Generating a 1024 bit RSA private key
...++++++
...++++++
writing new private key to '/usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/private/courier private key.pem'
You are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated
into your certificate request.
What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN.
There are quite a few fields but you can leave some blank
For some fields there will be a default value,
If you enter '.', the field will be left blank.
Organization Name (eg, your company) [Home Works S.p.A.]: Home Works S.p.A.
Internet Company Web Site [http://www.homeworks.it]: http://www.homeworks.it
Organizational Unit Name (eg, your department) [HomeWorks IT Department]: HomeWorks IT
Department
FQDN host name (Common Name) []: mail.homeworks.it
Email Address (max 64 characters) [support@homeworks.it]: postmaster@homeworks.it
Locality Name (eg, city) [Reggio Emilia]: Reggio Emilia
State or Province Name (full name) [Italy]: Italy
Country Name (2 letter code) [IT]: IT
Please enter the following 'extra' attributes
to be sent with your certificate request
A challenge password (between 6 and 20 characters) []: homeworks
```

We create the Courier's digital certificate (note that to create this digital certificate we are using the option -notext):

```
openssl ca -policy policy_anything -notext -out $CADIR/certs/courier_public_cert.pem -extfile
$CADIR/ext/mail server x509 cert.ext -infiles $CADIR/request/courier public key req.pem
Using configuration from /etc/ssl/openssl.cnf
Check that the request matches the signature
Signature ok
Certificate Details:
 Serial Number:
   84:d2:c3:8b:19:9f:ea:85
  Validity
   Not Before: May 25 14:45:46 2008 GMT
   Not After : May 24 14:45:46 2012 GMT
 Subject:
   organizationName = Home Works S.p.A.
   organizationName = http://www.homeworks.it
   organizationalUnitName = HomeWorks IT Department
   commonName = mail.homeworks.it
   emailAddress = postmaster@homeworks.it
    localityName = Reggio Emilia
   stateOrProvinceName = Italy
   countryName = IT
 X509v3 extensions:
   X509v3 Basic Constraints:
     CA:FALSE
   Netscape Comment:
     Mail Server Certificate
   Netscape Cert Type:
     SSL Client, SSL Server
   X509v3 Key Usage: critical
     Digital Signature, Key Encipherment
   X509v3 Extended Key Usage:
     TLS Web Server Authentication, TLS Web Client Authentication
   X509v3 Subject Key Identifier:
      A2:29:CF:7E:99:E8:3F:1A:48:A4:68:25:4D:26:DB:0A:CD:72:CE:B0
    X509v3 Authority Key Identifier:
      keyid:CC:A7:3D:F0:35:F0:83:8E:5A:1F:D0:67:AD:E9:63:95:5F:3C:C4:74
        DirName:/C=IT/ST=Italy/O=Home Works S.p.A./O=http://www.homeworks.it/OU=HomeWorks IT
Department/CN=HomeWorks Root CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it
```

```
serial:F0:27:8F:E6:31:7D:C5:D7
    Authority Information Access:
      CA Issuers - URI:http://www.homeworks.it/ca/cainfo.html
    X509v3 CRL Distribution Points:
      URI:http://www.homeworks.it/crl/issuing ca.crl
    X509v3 Certificate Policies:
      Policy: HW-CPS
        CPS: http://www.homeworks.it/ca/homeworks_cps.html;
        User Notice:
         Explicit Text: Home Works S.p.A. Certification Practice Statement
      Policy: HW-TLS-MAIL-Cert
        User Notice:
          Explicit Text: Home Works S.p.A. Secure Communications Mail Server Certificate
Policy
Certificate is to be certified until Apr 1 23:35:40 2012 GMT (1460 days)
Sign the certificate? [y/n]: y
1 out of 1 certificate requests certified, commit? [y/n] y
Write out database with 1 new entries
Data Base Updated
```

We check if the Courier's *certificate* has been generated correctly:

openssl x509 -text -noout -in \$CADIR/certs/courier_public_cert.pem

We check if the Certification Path of the just created certificate is valid:

```
openssl verify -CAfile $CADIR/global_ca_public_cert.pem $CADIR/certs/courier_public_cert.pem
/usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/certs/courier_public_cert.pem: OK
```

We check if the Courier's digital certificate, is an SSL Server Certificate:

```
openssl verify -purpose sslserver -CAfile $CADIR/global_ca_public_cert.pem
$CADIR/certs/courier_public_cert.pem
/usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/certs/courier_public_cert.pem: OK
```

We join the Courier's digital certificate with its private key:

```
cat $CADIR/private/courier_private_key.pem $CADIR/certs/courier_public_cert.pem >
$CADIR/certs/courier_cert.pem
```

We insert Diffie-Hellman parameters at the end of the just created certificate (this may take a some minutes):

openssl dhparam 1024 >> \$CADIR/certs/courier_cert.pem

The final result should be:

cat \$CADIR/certs/courier_cert.pem

```
-----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
MIICXgIBAAKBgQDY2iG5Y03Fz/D2UwVO3hDu5vcu67PoiUZhSLZGufkFnxau2Imx
V616Xs8FJXGWpiPxgm/1FTvgqH1bLVJwVcAr54ESyfSys6WXV2jzghpTLKTME6QF
WUcun2+jDbotXWp4MrUBjfesKrpj9R8JKi/XxRMzoQTy1/YRb0wXwW06ZQIDAQAB
AoGAPJuy40rC+0+mbGJF0IY2e18oZP/Rt8NuXVBiSaA+3nhZcaLp0RwsLRyEhe6y
MaXb0+td+UTnCGJvLuWa7fS5kcfWrBzh11HlrtzM104AaVkqjZgbilG57EdwCouR
wEDoUQ4HL55MoFbg1DgCVHWaHuRu21mjuSdngefBpNiQBcECQQD7TUIA9fo/zr1E
IC2h+KyV3Lv/1XQ6DRpBmdDJkNV1y78dGmWD1tbk3M1gy7Nd3D83aU6NvLyX1144
MdLeDC01AkEA30f+9+Y+3TujcFr1qX6Awvmq00qZRC0fp3iEaTGpcEup4zd+/Y9x
5VkNNtTxXe9vtR8krG5XMR/0HdN/7y1J8QJBAOSJTg0xpXOBvFqIKPez/sALDa2L
oTdp0wb1qzqjzG3W70a6qrdLGgLoCp6MoYIqWhM6YYXkr14oLjdMmEf3IkECQQCE
eOdwt/V47Bu98/4f74m94sTrQnAY70ptPpuBDdQDUIyHqq831T7C/50qBZbc8wo1
```

```
PoDamgzU+8mD3WJ6BtmxAkEA5NvFW499+rD8TmhUj3MQzmORfUhUnrd+hm+RKZHM
JwtONAn7TO8LgaNmdS/tePv6+ztQ2vV2rswIID6Zu7voLw==
----END RSA PRIVATE KEY----
----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----
MIIErzCCBBiqAwIBAqIJANqUMb8Nfv2SMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBBQUAMIG3MQswCQYD
VQQGEwJJVDEOMAwGA1UECBMFSXRhbHkxFjAUBgNVBAcTDVJ1Z2dpbyBFbWlsaWEx
GjAYBgNVBAoTEUhvbWUgV29ya3MgUy5wLkEuMSAwHgYDVQQLExdIb211V29ya3Mg
SVQqRGVwYXJ0bWVudDEdMBsGA1UEAxMUSG9tZVdvcmtzIE1zc3VpbmcqQ0ExIzAh
BgkqhkiG9w0BCQEWFHN1cHBvcnRAaG9tZXdvcmtzLm10MB4XDTA4MDQwMjIzMzU0
MFoXDTEyMDQwMTIzMzU0MFowgbcxCzAJBgNVBAYTAklUMQ4wDAYDVQQIEwVJdGFs
eTEWMBQGA1UEBxMNUmVnZ2lvIEVtaWxpYTEaMBgGA1UEChMRSG9tZSBXb3JrcyBT
LnAuQS4xIDAeBgNVBAsTF0hvbWVXb3JrcyBJVCBEZXBhcnRtZW50MRowGAYDVQQD
ExFtYWlsLmhvbWV3b3Jrcy5pdDEmMCQGCSqGSIb3DQEJARYXcG9zdG1hc3RlckBo
b211d29ya3MuaXQwqZ8wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADqY0AMIGJAoGBANjaIbljTcXP
8PZTBU7eEO7m9y7rs+iJRmFItka5+QWfFq7YibFXqXpezwUlcZamI/GCb/UVO+Co
fVstUnBVwCvngRLJ9LKzpZdXaPOCG1MspMwTpAVZRy6fb6MNui1dangytQGN96wq
umP1HwkqL9fFEzOhBPKX9hFvTBfBbTplAgMBAAGjggG/MIIBuzAJBgNVHRMEAjAA
MBEGCWCGSAGG+EIBAQQEAwIGwDALBqNVHQ8EBAMCBPAwHQYDVR01BBYwFAYIKwYB
BQUHAwEGCCsGAQUFBwMCMB0GA1UdDqQWBBT108U4nVC09c2hcDT6tG/Mtnx2oDCB
0QYDVR0jBIHJMIHGqBSsR7OnfSaM+wdWc7ZiHQ/raI6T16GBoqSBnzCBnDELMAkG
A1UEBhMCSVQxDjAMBqNVBAqTBUl0YWx5MRowGAYDVQQKExFIb21l1FdvcmtzIFMu
cC5BLjEqMB4GA1UECxMXSG9tZVdvcmtzIElUIERlcGFydG1lbnQxGjAYBqNVBAMT
EUhvbWVXb3JrcyBSb290IENBMSMwIQYJKoZIhvcNAQkBFhRzdXBwb3J0QGhvbWV3
b3Jrcy5pdIIJANqUMb8Nfv2KMD8GCCsGAQUFBwEBBDMwMTAvBqqrBqEFBQcwAoYj
aHR0cDovL3d3dy5ob211d29ya3MuaXQvY2FpbmZvLmh0bWwwOwYDVR0fBDQwMjAw
oC6qLIYqaHR0cDovL3d3dy5ob211d29ya3MuaXQvY3JsL21zc3VpbmdfY2EuY3Js
MA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBBQUAA4GBABi1cK2sE5PrPkM1AnalyPEGTLnODRfspRhGP/a4
4Cniqm1/htMZAJTgBPh+TC4Z2FteOTAHIfK3jqoHH8AL9UBfP7+swgygAyX4rJmv
Q+HUpPMTfwm3aj8NsNCe0jJYlA8+/t4XfX/cOM3yrQzkOVb2/zERXUhjcvoTXwMB
sQ40
----END CERTIFICATE-----
----BEGIN DH PARAMETERS-----
MIGHAOGBAN/PC6aWXnCgNG/wnWcFxetEdym0+TLUBb24Xgmtm/n9TAR7++/zUtj9
3Bj98/I4byWk4CCj7cvl6uIA6hRt14HD1qEc2vOo9PUrz40zZnXrKPnCDyWGG0EO
aBZ11897f3HjXBaT45IchLDIGg071R4ekXG5FmRzaU+rqE7V/SEzAgEC
----END DH PARAMETERS-----
```

At this point we can assign these certificate to Courier:

- the Courier's certificates, \$caDIR/certs/courier_cert.pem, should be copied to the folder
 /etc/courier/, on the server where Courier is installed, with the name of imapd.pem and
 pop3d.pem respectively;
- the access to certificates /etc/courier/imapd.pem and /etc/courier/pop3d.pem should be limited only to daemon user.

For example:

```
cp $CADIR/certs/courier_cert.pem /etc/courier/imapd.pem
cp $CADIR/certs/courier_cert.pem /etc/courier/pop3d.pem
chmod 0600 /etc/courier/imapd.pem
chmod 0600 /etc/courier/pop3d.pem
chown daemon /etc/courier/imapd.pem
chown daemon /etc/courier/pop3d.pem
```

We restart demons of Courier related to IMAP-SSL e POP3-SSL protocols:

```
/etc/init.d/courier-imap-ssl restart
/etc/init.d/courier-pop-ssl restart
```

We check if the connection through IMAP and POP3-SSL protocols run properly. To check the POP3-SSL protocol type you can execute:

```
openssl s_client -CAfile $CADIR/global_ca_public_cert.pem -connect mail.homeworks.it:995
```

```
CONNECTED (0000003)
depth=2 /C=IT/ST=Italy/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT Department/CN=HomeWorks Root
CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it
verify return:1
depth=1 /C=IT/ST=Italy/L=Reggio Emilia/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT
Department/CN=HomeWorks Issuing CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it
verify return:1
depth=0 /C=IT/ST=Italy/L=Reggio Emilia/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT
Department/CN=mail.homeworks.it/emailAddress=postmaster@homeworks.it
verify return:1
Certificate chain
0 s:/C=IT/ST=Italy/L=Reggio Emilia/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT
Department/CN=mail.homeworks.it/emailAddress=postmaster@homeworks.it
i:/C=IT/ST=Italy/L=Reggio Emilia/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT Department/CN=HomeWorks
Issuing CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it
Server certificate
----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----
MIIF1DCCBLygAwIBAgIJAITSw4sZn+qIMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBBQUAMIG3MQswCQYD
VQQGEwJJVDEOMAwGA1UECBMFSXRhbHkxFjAUBqNVBAcTDVJ1Z2dpbyBFbWlsaWEx
GjAYBqNVBAoTEUhvbWUqV29ya3MqUy5wLkEuMSAwHqYDVQQLExdIb211V29ya3Mq
SVQqRGVwYXJ0bWVudDEdMBsGA1UEAxMUSG9tZVdvcmtzIE1zc3VpbmcqQ0ExIzAh
BqkqhkiG9w0BCQEWFHN1cHBvcnRAaG9tZXdvcmtzLm10MB4XDTA4MDUwMzE0MjEw
N1oXDTEyMDUwMjE0MjEwN1owgbcxCzAJBgNVBAYTAk1UMQ4wDAYDVQQIEwVJdGFs
eTEWMBQGA1UEBxMNUmVnZ2lvIEVtaWxpYTEaMBgGA1UEChMRSG9tZSBXb3JrcyBT
LnAuQS4xIDAeBgNVBAsTF0hvbWVXb3JrcyBJVCBEZXBhcnRtZW50MRowGAYDVQQD
ExFtYWlsLmhvbWV3b3Jrcy5pdDEmMCQGCSqGSIb3DQEJARYXcG9zdG1hc3RlckBo
b211d29ya3MuaXQwgZ8wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADgY0AMIGJAoGBALWZkmHfE0TF
pTdhUJsvbXFaty9CCUaVjHdSR/NPAGJs1xC6pamh2FfBNchVje1rxR5TiRpKneUI
Ncl2qSuqXjdXt+N5LtJ8RYi9pamwTyvZU02GW8qd/JhMla/ff7ZadrhRf2lrs7QI
7///6Xdl/v9IB4eYlOlQrvV6MJ03jY99AqMBAAGjqqJjMIICXzAJBqNVHRMEAjAA
MBEGCWCGSAGG+EIBAQQEAwIGwDALBgNVHQ8EBAMCBPAwHQYDVR01BBYwFAYIKwYB
{\it BQUHAwEGCCsGAQUFBwMCMB0GA1UdDgQWBBQRPiCzc32TqWZfPQDtfVGbEQCeODCB}
0QYDVR0jBIHJMIHGqBSLG4DX0xiq6QVQHP36Q2GQ/3+tRaGBoqSBnzCBnDELMAkG
A1UEBhMCSVQxDjAMBgNVBAgTBU10YWx5MRowGAYDVQQKExFIb211IFdvcmtzIFMu
cC5BLjEqMB4GA1UECxMXSG9tZVdvcmtzIE1UIER1cGFydG11bnQxGjAYBqNVBAMT
EUhvbWVXb3JrcyBSb290IENBMSMwIQYJKoZIhvcNAQkBFhRzdXBwb3J0QGhvbWV3
b3Jrcy5pdIIJAIp0ryKAjVmbMD8GCCsGAQUFBwEBBDMwMTAvBggrBgEFBQcwAoYj
aHR0cDovL3d3dy5ob211d29ya3MuaXQvY2FpbmZvLmh0bWwwOwYDVR0fBDQwMjAw
oC6gLIYqaHR0cDovL3d3dy5ob211d29ya3MuaXQvY3JsL21zc3VpbmdfY2EuY3Js
{\it MIGhBgNVHSAEgZkwgZYwgZMGDCsGAQQBgc9Sg30BATCBgjA7BggrBgEFBQcCARYv}
aHR0cDovL3d3dy5ob211d29ya3MuaXQvY2EvaXNzdWluZ19jYV9jcHMuaHRtbDsw
QwYIKwYBBQUHAgIwNxo1SG9tZVdvcmtzIElzc3VpbmcgQ0EgQ2VydG1maWNhdG1v
biBQcmFjdGljZSBTdGF0ZW1lbnQwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQADggEBAH/h8+uQp+KX
0JvurS+4iIyJhMS60X4Hz/snbuTEnZJmbVRNM+0aZdV1G9enGLJ8iwhghyjVmJ0I
JrY1Wmcxd5SYYGmrAiGSSSvbpVg7M+g1I/AEa4gJraiOoiybBfWz5p18eIfveBNt
G+OA7WOG1YeFDd6G+INTbtIRXsqCe3L63D/b14oV5rqKKYOC+jnZW8TTCwLqOJ2p
buYql+5nmqwdtw49weoXaLui0gQYxVFkg8Dq2KmDZkDB3guXbD9J4f3y8bZc1AHS
laTE7L80s9Ba/Vxv/u02eXXCh2MpfDyCoQdNLOrQi+lYSiFIRaYJPM3qIBHeBYHy
+NoEpjlSags=
----END CERTIFICATE-----
subject=/C=IT/ST=Italy/L=Reggio Emilia/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT
Department/CN=mail.homeworks.it/emailAddress=postmaster@homeworks.it
issuer=/C=IT/ST=Italy/L=Reggio Emilia/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT
Department/CN=HomeWorks Issuing CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it
No client certificate CA names sent
SSL handshake has read 1658 bytes and written 316 bytes
New, TLSv1/SSLv3, Cipher is AES256-SHA
Server public key is 1024 bit
Compression: NONE
Expansion: NONE
SSL-Session:
 Protocol : TLSv1
  Cipher : AES256-SHA
 Session-ID: ACE31A085ACDFADB6505B6C1CCB0B5754CF812D908A875F6BE1B403838E7BAA6
 Session-ID-ctx:
 Master-Key:
AD7FDC44B7F107F42807100F6BD64D7B9D73CF837CE614DD66E50FD79465B0B08110137894564BD5B390D2AB06491
9F5
  Key-Arg : None
  Start Time: 1209826648
  Timeout : 300 (sec)
```

If the test report the message Verify return code: 0 (ok) it means that the connection is successful. We stop the test connection:

```
quit
+OK Better luck next time.
closed
```

To check the IMAP-SSL protocol type you can execute:

```
openssl s_client -CAfile $CADIR/global_ca_public_cert.pem -connect mail.homeworks.it:993
CONNECTED (0000003)
depth=2 /C=IT/ST=Italy/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT Department/CN=HomeWorks Root
CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it
verify return:1
depth=1 /C=IT/ST=Italy/L=Reggio Emilia/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT
Department/CN=HomeWorks Issuing CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it
verifv return:1
depth=0 /C=IT/ST=Italy/L=Reggio Emilia/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT
Department/CN=mail.homeworks.it/emailAddress=postmaster@homeworks.it
verify return:1
Certificate chain
0 s:/C=IT/ST=Italy/L=Reggio Emilia/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT
Department/CN=mail.homeworks.it/emailAddress=postmaster@homeworks.it
i:/C=IT/ST=Italy/L=Reggio Emilia/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT Department/CN=HomeWorks
Issuing CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it
Server certificate
 ----BEGIN CERTIFICATE--
MIIF1DCCBLygAwIBAgIJAITSw4sZn+qIMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBBQUAMIG3MQswCQYD
VQQGEwJJVDEOMAwGA1UECBMFSXRhbHkxFjAUBgNVBAcTDVJ1Z2dpbyBFbWlsaWEx
GjAYBqNVBAoTEUhvbWUqV29ya3MqUy5wLkEuMSAwHqYDVQQLExdIb211V29ya3Mq
SVQqRGVwYXJ0bWVudDEdMBsGA1UEAxMUSG9tZVdvcmtzIE1zc3VpbmcqQ0ExIzAh
BgkghkiG9w0BCQEWFHN1cHBvcnRAaG9tZXdvcmtzLm10MB4XDTA4MDUwMzE0MjEw
N1oXDTEyMDUwMjE0MjEwN1owgbcxCzAJBgNVBAYTAk1UMQ4wDAYDVQQIEwVJdGFs
eTEWMBQGA1UEBxMNUmVnZ21vIEVtaWxpYTEaMBgGA1UEChMRSG9tZSBXb3JrcyBT
LnAuQS4xIDAeBgNVBAsTF0hvbWVXb3JrcyBJVCBEZXBhcnRtZW50MRowGAYDVQQD
ExFtYWlsLmhvbWV3b3Jrcy5pdDEmMCQGCSqGSIb3DQEJARYXcG9zdG1hc3RlckBo
b211d29ya3MuaXQwgZ8wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADgY0AMIGJAoGBALWZkmHfE0TF
pTdhUJsvbXFaty9CCUaVjHdSR/NPAGJs1xC6pamh2FfBNchVje1rxR5TiRpKneUI
Ncl2qSuqXjdXt+N5LtJ8RYi9pamwTyvZU02GW8qd/JhMla/ff7ZadrhRf2lrs7QI
7///6Xdl/v9IB4eYlOlQrvV6MJ03jY99AgMBAAGjggJjMIICXzAJBgNVHRMEAjAA
MBEGCWCGSAGG+EIBAQQEAwIGwDALBqNVHQ8EBAMCBPAwHQYDVR01BBYwFAYIKwYB
BQUHAwEGCCsGAQUFBwMCMB0GA1UdDqQWBBQRPiCzc32TqWZfPQDtfVGbEQCeODCB
0 \verb"QYDVR0jBIHJMIHGgBSLG4DX0xig6QVQHP36Q2GQ/3+tRaGBoqSBnzCBnDELMAkG"
A1UEBhMCSVQxDjAMBqNVBAqTBU10YWx5MRowGAYDVQQKExFIb211IFdvcmtzIFMu
cC5BLjEgMB4GA1UECxMXSG9tZVdvcmtzIElUIERlcGFydG1lbnQxGjAYBgNVBAMT
EUhvbWVXb3JrcyBSb290IENBMSMwIQYJKoZIhvcNAQkBFhRzdXBwb3J0QGhvbWV3
b3Jrcy5pdIIJAIp0ryKAjVmbMD8GCCsGAQUFBwEBBDMwMTAvBqqrBqEFBQcwAoYj
aHR0cDovL3d3dy5ob211d29ya3MuaXQvY2FpbmZvLmh0bWwwOwYDVR0fBDQwMjAw
oC6gLIYqaHR0cDovL3d3dy5ob211d29ya3MuaXQvY3JsL21zc3VpbmdfY2EuY3Js
MIGhBgNVHSAEgZkwgZYwgZMGDCsGAQQBgc9Sg30BATCBgjA7BggrBgEFBQcCARYv
aHR0cDovL3d3dy5ob211d29ya3MuaXQvY2EvaXNzdWluZ19jYV9jcHMuaHRtbDsw
QwYIKwYBBQUHAgIwNxo1SG9tZVdvcmtzIE1zc3VpbmcgQ0EgQ2VydG1maWNhdG1v
biBQcmFjdGljZSBTdGF0ZW11bnQwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQADggEBAH/h8+uQp+KX
0 JvurS+4 i Iy JhMS 60 X4 Hz/snbuTEn ZJmbV RNM+0 a ZdV1 G9 en GLJ8 i whghy j VmJ0 I
JrY1Wmcxd5SYYGmrAiGSSSvbpVg7M+g1I/AEa4gJraiOoiybBfWz5p18eIfveBNt
G+OA7WOG1YeFDd6G+INTbtIRXsqCe3L63D/b14oV5rgKKYOC+jnZW8TTCwLgOJ2p
buYql+5nmqwdtw49weoXaLui0qQYxVFkq8Dq2KmDZkDB3quXbD9J4f3y8bZc1AHS
laTE7L80s9Ba/Vxv/u02eXXCh2MpfDyCoQdNLOrQi+lYSiFIRaYJPM3qIBHeBYHy
+NoEpjlSaqs=
  ---END CERTIFICATE---
subject=/C=IT/ST=Italy/L=Reggio Emilia/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT
Department/CN=mail.homeworks.it/emailAddress=postmaster@homeworks.it
issuer=/C=IT/ST=Italy/L=Reggio Emilia/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT
Department/CN=HomeWorks Issuing CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it
No client certificate CA names sent
```

```
SSL handshake has read 1658 bytes and written 316 bytes
New, TLSv1/SSLv3, Cipher is AES256-SHA
Server public key is 1024 bit
Compression: NONE
Expansion: NONE
SSL-Session:
 Protocol : TLSv1
 Cipher : AES256-SHA
 Session-ID: ACE31A085ACDFADB6505B6C1CCB0B5754CF812D908A875F6BE1B403838E7BAA6
 Session-ID-ctx:
 Master-Kev:
AD7FDC44B7F107F42807100F6BD64D7B9D73CF837CE614DD66E50FD79465B0B08110137894564BD5B390D2AB06491
9F.5
 Key-Arg : None
 Start Time: 1209826648
 Timeout : 300 (sec)
 Verify return code: 0 (ok)
* OK [CAPABILITY IMAP4rev1 UIDPLUS CHILDREN NAMESPACE THREAD=ORDEREDSUBJECT THREAD=REFERENCES
SORT QUOTA IDLE AUTH=PLAIN ACL ACL2=UNION XCOURIEROUTBOX=INBOX.Outbox] Courier-IMAP ready.
Copyright 1998-2005 Double Precision, Inc. See COPYING for distribution information.
```

If the test report the message Verify return code: 0 (ok) it means that the connection is successful. We stop the test connection:

1 **logout** * BYE Courier-IMAP server shutting down 1 OK LOGOUT completed closed

At this point we can configure MTA client to connect to the server that hosts the program Courier (that is, *mail.homeworks.it*) using the IMAP-SSL ed POP3-SSL protocols.

Generate the digital certificate and private key of Apache

In general, for the program <u>Apache</u>, it need create as many public/private key pairs as are secure sites hosted by the web server <u>Apache</u>. For simplicity, in this article, we will take into account only the URLs *http://mail.homeworks.it* and *https://mail.homeworks.it* (in our case this URLs is that of the *webmail* associated with e-mail server *mail.homeworks.it* of Home Works S.p.A), so we will need to generate a single pair of public/private keys. To make the explanation even easier, we will suppose that the program which manages the *webmail* will be <u>SquirrelMail</u>.

We create public/private key pairs to be assigned to Apache, taking care to specify as **Common Name** the FQDN *mail.homeworks.it*:

```
Internet Company Web Site [http://www.homeworks.it]: http://www.homeworks.it
Organizational Unit Name (eg, your department) [HomeWorks IT Department]: HomeWorks IT
Department
FQDN host name (Common Name) []: mail.homeworks.it
Email Address (max 64 characters) [support@homeworks.it]: webmaster@homeworks.it
Locality Name (eg, city) [Reggio Emilia]: Reggio Emilia
State or Province Name (full name) [Italy]: Italy
Country Name (2 letter code) [IT]: IT
Please enter the following 'extra' attributes
to be sent with your certificate request
A challenge password (between 6 and 20 characters) []: homeworks
```

We check that the public key \$caDIR/request/mail_public_key_req.pem, has been created correctly:

openssl req -text -noout -in \$CADIR/request/mail_public_key_req.pem

Before proceeding with the generation of the Apache's certificate, we must create the file with extensions X.509 to be applied to certificates. Therefore we will create the file <u>\$CADIR/ext/web_server_x509_cert.ext</u>:

```
touch $CADIR/ext/web_server_x509_cert.ext
vi $CADIR/ext/web server x509 cert.ext
```

We insert the following text:

File /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/ext/web_server_x509_cert.ext

```
basicConstraints
                     = CA:false
                      = "Web Server Certificate"
nsComment
nsCertType
                     = server, client
keyUsage
                     = critical, digitalSignature, keyEncipherment
extendedKeyUsage = serverAuth, clientAuth
subjectKeyIdentifier = hash
authorityKeyIdentifier = keyid, issuer:always
authorityInfoAccess = caIssuers;URI:http://www.homeworks.it/ca/cainfo.html
crlDistributionPoints = URI:http://www.homeworks.it/crl/issuing ca.crl
certificatePolicies = ia5org,@HomeWorks_CPS,@HomeWorks_Web_Server_CA_Policy
[ HomeWorks CPS ]
policyIdentifier = 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.1.1
CPS.1
                = "http://www.homeworks.it/ca/homeworks cps.html"
userNotice.1
               = @HomeWorks CPS Notice
[ HomeWorks CPS Notice ]
               = "Home Works S.p.A. Certification Practice Statement"
explicitText
[ HomeWorks Web Server CA Policy ]
policyIdentifier = 1.3.6.1.4.1.31012.3.2
userNotice.2 = @HomeWorks Web Server CA Notice
[ HomeWorks Web Server CA Notice ]
explicitText = "Home Works S.p.A. Secure Communications Web Server Certificate
                   Policy"
# End File
```

We digitally sign the just generated public key:

```
openssl ca -policy policy_anything -out $CADIR/certs/mail_public_cert.pem -extfile

$CADIR/ext/web_server_x509_cert.ext -infiles $CADIR/request/mail_public_key_req.pem

Using configuration from /etc/ssl/openssl.cnf

Check that the request matches the signature

Signature ok

Certificate Details:
```

```
Serial Number:
   84:d2:c3:8b:19:9f:ea:86
  Validity
   Not Before: May 25 15:21:07 2008 GMT
   Not After : May 24 15:21:07 2012 GMT
 Subject:
    organizationName = Home Works S.p.A.
    organizationName = http://www.homeworks.it
    organizationalUnitName = HomeWorks IT Department
    commonName = mail.homeworks.it
    emailAddress = webmaster@homeworks.it
    localityName = Reggio Emilia
    stateOrProvinceName = Italy
    countryName = IT
 X509v3 extensions:
   X509v3 Basic Constraints:
      CA: FALSE
    Netscape Comment:
      Web Server Certificate
    Netscape Cert Type:
     SSL Client, SSL Server
    X509v3 Key Usage:
     Digital Signature, Key Encipherment
    X509v3 Extended Key Usage:
     TLS Web Server Authentication, TLS Web Client Authentication, Netscape Server Gated
Crypto
   X509v3 Subject Key Identifier:
      11:C4:FA:AE:CA:FD:4B:42:60:B7:D9:30:26:F3:11:A7:CE:DB:FD:DA
    X509v3 Authority Key Identifier:
      keyid:8B:1B:80:D7:D3:18:A0:E9:05:50:1C:FD:FA:43:61:90:FF:7F:AD:45
      DirName:/O=Home Works S.p.A./O=http://www.homeworks.it/OU=HomeWorks IT
Department/CN=HomeWorks Root CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it/L=Reggio
Emilia/ST=Italy/C=IT
     serial:F0:27:8F:E6:31:7D:C5:D7
    Authority Information Access:
      CA Issuers - URI:http://www.homeworks.it/ca/cainfo.html
   X509v3 CRL Distribution Points:
      URI:http://www.homeworks.it/crl/issuing ca.crl
   X509v3 Subject Alternative Name:
      DirName:/CN=webmail.homeworks.it
     X509v3 Certificate Policies:
        Policy: HW-CPS
          CPS: http://www.homeworks.it/ca/homeworks cps.html;
          User Notice:
            Explicit Text: Home Works S.p.A. Certification Practice Statement
        Policy: HW-TLS-WEB-Cert
          User Notice:
            Explicit Text: Home Works S.p.A. Secure Communications Web Server Certificate
Policv
Certificate is to be certified until May 24 15:21:07 2012 GMT (1460 days)
Sign the certificate? [y/n]: y
1 out of 1 certificate requests certified, commit? [y/n] {m y}
Write out database with 1 new entries
Data Base Updated
```

We check that the Apache digital certificate has been generated correctly:

openssl x509 -text -noout -in \$CADIR/certs/mail_public_cert.pem

We check if the Certification Path of the certificate \$CADIR/certs/mail_public_cert.pem, is correct:

openssl verify -CAfile \$CADIR/global_ca_public_cert.pem \$CADIR/certs/mail_public_cert.pem
/usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/certs/mail_public_cert.pem: OK

and verify if the just created certificate is a SSL Server Certificate:

openssl verify -purpose sslserver -CAfile \$CADIR/global_ca_public_cert.pem \$CADIR/certs/mail_public_cert.pem /usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/certs/mail_public_cert.pem: OK

Once generated the Apache's certificate, we proceed with configuration of Apache itself. The digital certificate, *scaDir/certs/mail public cert.pem* and its private key,

\$CADIR/private/mail_private_key.pem, must be copied on the folder /*etc/apache2/ss1*/ on the web server whose hosting the site *http://mail.homeworks.it*. For example:

```
cp $CADIR/private/mail_private_key.pem /etc/apache2/ssl/
cp $CADIR/certs/mail public cert.pem /etc/apache2/ssl/
```

We enable Apache to listen on the SSL port, that 443:

vi /etc/apache2/ports.conf

We append the entry Listen 443:

Listen 80 Listen 443

We allow the following Apache modules:

a2enmod ssl a2enmod rewrite

We change the settings for the *Virtual Host* corresponding to URL *mail.homeworks.it* (that is for the *webamil* program <u>SquirrelMail</u>):

```
cp /etc/squirrelmail/apache.conf /etc/squirrelmail/apache.conf.originale
vi /etc/squirrelmail/apache.conf
```

We modify the configuration file of the Virtual Host of Webmail, as follows:

```
# users will prefer a simple URL like http://mail.example.com
# will be redirected to URL like https://mail.example.com
<VirtualHost mail.homeworks.it:80>
        DocumentRoot /usr/share/squirrelmail
        ServerAdmin webmaster@homeworks.it
        ServerName mail.homeworks.it
       RewriteEngine
                       on
       RewriteCond
                       %{SERVER PORT} ^80$
                     ^(.*)$ https://%{SERVER_NAME}$1 [L,R]
       RewriteRule
                     "/var/log/apache2/rewrite.log"
       RewriteLog
       RewriteLogLevel 2
</VirtualHost>
# users will prefer a simple URL like https://mail.example.com
<VirtualHost mail.homeworks.it:443>
       DocumentRoot /usr/share/squirrelmail
        ServerAdmin webmaster@homeworks.it
        ServerName mail.homeworks.it
        SSLEngine on
       SSLCertificateFile /etc/apache2/ssl/mail public cert.pem
       SSLCertificateKeyFile /etc/apache2/ssl/mail private key.pem
</VirtualHost>
. . .
```

We make the site *mail.homeworks.it* available:

and then we restart Apache2 daemon:

/etc/init.d/apache2 restart

We check that everything functions properly:

```
openssl s_client -CAfile $CADIR/global_ca_public_cert.pem -connect mail.homeworks.it:443
CONNECTED (0000003)
depth=2 /C=IT/ST=Italy/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT Department/CN=HomeWorks Root
CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it
verify return:1
depth=1 /C=IT/ST=Italy/L=Reggio Emilia/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT
Department/CN=HomeWorks Issuing CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it
verify return:1
depth=0 /C=IT/ST=Italy/L=Reggio Emilia/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT
Department/CN=mail.homeworks.it/emailAddress=webmaster@homeworks.it
verify return:1
Certificate chain
  0 s:/C=IT/ST=Italy/L=Reggio Emilia/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT
Department/CN=mail.homeworks.it/emailAddress=webmaster@homeworks.it
  i:/C=IT/ST=Italy/L=Reggio Emilia/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT
Department/CN=HomeWorks Issuing CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it
Server certificate
  ---BEGIN CERTIFICATE--
MIIE5zCCBFCqAwIBAqIJANqUMb8Nfv2UMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBBQUAMIG3MQswCQYD
VQQGEwJJVDEOMAwGA1UECBMFSXRhbHkxFjAUBqNVBAcTDVJ1Z2dpbyBFbWlsaWEx
GjAYBqNVBAoTEUhvbWUqV29ya3MqUy5wLkEuMSAwHqYDVQQLExdIb211V29ya3Mq
SVQgRGVwYXJ0bWVudDEdMBsGA1UEAxMUSG9tZVdvcmtzIE1zc3VpbmcgQ0ExIzAh
BgkqhkiG9w0BCQEWFHN1cHBvcnRAaG9tZXdvcmtzLm10MB4XDTA4MDQwNzAwMTA0
MloXDTEyMDQwNjAwMTA0MlowgbYxCzAJBgNVBAYTAklUMQ4wDAYDVQQIEwVJdGFs
eTEWMBQGA1UEBxMNUmVnZ21vIEVtaWxpYTEaMBgGA1UEChMRSG9tZSBXb3JrcyBT
LnAuQS4xIDAeBqNVBAsTF0hvbWVXb3JrcyBJVCBEZXBhcnRtZW50MRowGAYDVQQD
ExFtYWlsLmhvbWV3b3Jrcy5pdDE1MCMGCSqGSIb3DQEJARYWd2VibWFzdGVyQGhv
bWV3b3Jrcy5pdDCBnzANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQEFAAOBjQAwgYkCgYEAviI4YjyMdfmv
uPN9PCix76ip3xGzyAOtvIHTiGk7m+Zwn4wi2MGm4/iTQB8k6pqRZxWibj3/imei
I9kptc9MELKhwRdQkAe8Fp2Nsmek6e3gkZfvFWYp91NqrE0Jkoq8kIir1r/ukvL9
{\tt T966221DTvruHNYRHhf1bn1EJcL2GVcCAwEAAaOCAfgwggH0MAkGA1UdEwQCMAAw}
EQYJYIZIAYb4QgEBBAQDAgZAMAsGA1UdDwQEAwIE8DAoBgNVHSUEITAfBggrBgEF
BQcDAQYIKwYBBQUHAwIGCWCGSAGG+EIEATAdBgNVHQ4EFgQUdu/VgFhHDDxGEUG2
YhNCu6KvMp0wgdEGA1UdIwSByTCBxoAUrEezp30mjPsHVnO2Yh0P62iOk9ehgaKk
gZ8wgZwxCzAJBgNVBAYTAk1UMQ4wDAYDVQQIEwVJdGFseTEaMBgGA1UEChMRSG9t
ZSBXb3JrcyBTLnAuQS4xIDAeBgNVBAsTF0hvbWVXb3JrcyBJVCBEZXBhcnRtZW50
MRowGAYDVQQDExFIb211V29ya3MgUm9vdCBDQTEjMCEGCSqGSIb3DQEJARYUC3Vw
cG9ydEBob211d29ya3MuaXSCCQDYFDG/DX79ijA/BggrBgEFBQcBAQQzMDEwLwYI
KwYBBQUHMAKGI2h0dHA6Ly93d3cuaG9tZXdvcmtzLm10L2NhaW5mby5odG1sMDsG
A1UdHwQ0MDIwMKAuoCyGKmh0dHA6Ly93d3cuaG9tZXdvcmtzLm10L2NybC9pc3N1
aW5nX2NhLmNybDAsBgNVHREEJTAjpCEwHzEdMBsGA1UEAxMUd2VibWFpbC5ob211
d29ya3MuaXQwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQADgYEAqGqEREGNX7bpMS1sX60bt5v2j0pE
TFz06XquTEyBYdvnyJuFIF5h/gMcmX0qT7Ho/sGCu414qYYZhGzBYojk8dWVxHmg
B6zIx11wuojUD+xgan/VvUEspKMPjwOgSwx5FRc7o0GlqlyvyxsrVLVqS+yZp6I6
0r2+a5uD5q6Uykq=
----END CERTIFICATE--
subject=/C=IT/ST=Italy/L=Reggio Emilia/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT
Department/CN=mail.homeworks.it/emailAddress=webmaster@homeworks.it
issuer=/C=IT/ST=Italy/L=Reggio Emilia/O=Home Works S.p.A./OU=HomeWorks IT
Department/CN=HomeWorks Issuing CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it
No client certificate CA names sent
SSL handshake has read 1823 bytes and written 316 bytes
New, TLSv1/SSLv3, Cipher is DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
Server public key is 1024 bit
Compression: NONE
Expansion: NONE
SSL-Session:
 Protocol : TLSv1
  Cipher : DHE-RSA-AES256-SHA
```

```
Session-ID: 0E39A40FD14A7BA11381059930D5A8EB2737AF24F7EB19B04AD502B8E2E36C27
Session-ID-ctx:
Master-Key:
729274FA1DAA1FC9EC5E80D61648E197975D30ED6EF9FB201DFED0C123DD7E8D3800CB3B1E66F5F3E267EC116B6A5
9FF
Key-Arg : None
Start Time: 1208012232
Timeout : 300 (sec)
Verify return code: 0 (ok)
```

If the test return the message Verify return code: 0 (ok) means that everything went well. We can therefore break the connection:

quit closed

Now you can connect to site http://mail.homeworks.it with the secure HTTP (HTTPS) protocol version.

Generate the digital certificate to sign an email message

To sign an email message, we need use a digital certificate in the format <u>PKCS#12</u>. To make the explanation simple, we will create a digital certificate to be assigned to **Postmaster HomeWorks** with email address: **postmaster@homeworks.it**, and then a digital certificate to be assigned to the person **Mario Rossi** with email address email: **mrossi@homeworks.it**. The certificate of **Postmaster HomeWorks** will expired in *four years*, while that for **Mario Rossi** will be valid for only *one year*.

We proceed to create the public/private key pairs to assign to Postmaster HomeWorks and Mario Rossi, using the same procedure followed so far, taking care to specify how *Common Name*, the sentence **Postmaster Home Works** and for *Email Address*, we specify the email **postmaster@homeworks.it**, while for **Mario Rossi**, the *Common Name* and the *Email Address* will be **Rossi Mario** and **mrossi@homeworks.it** respectively. We begin to create the Postmaster's public/private key pairs:

```
openssl req -new -nodes -keyout $CADIR/private/postmaster private key.pem -out
$CADIR/request/postmaster_public_key_req.pem
Generating a 1024 bit RSA private key
.....++++++
••••••
writing new private key to '/usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/private/postmaster_private_key.pem'
You are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated
into your certificate request.
What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN.
There are quite a few fields but you can leave some blank
For some fields there will be a default value,
If you enter '.', the field will be left blank.
First Name (eg, Alessandro) []: Postmaster
Surname (eg, Tani) []: HomeWorks
Organization Name (eg, your company) [Home Works S.p.A.]: Home Works S.p.A.
Internet Company Web Site [http://www.homeworks.it]: http://www.homeworks.it
Organizational Unit Name (eg, your department) [HomeWorks IT Department]: HomeWorks IT
Department
Person Name (Common Name) []: Postmaster HomeWorks
Email Address (max 64 characters) [support@homeworks.it]: postmaster@homeworks.it
Locality Name (eg, city) [Reggio Emilia]: Reggio Emilia
State or Province Name (full name) [Italy]: Italy
Country Name (2 letter code) [IT]: IT
Please enter the following 'extra' attributes
to be sent with your certificate request
A challenge password (between 6 and 20 characters) []: homeworks
```

We digitally sign the public key just created:

```
openssl ca -policy policy_anything -out $CADIR/certs/postmaster_public_cert.pem -infiles
$CADIR/request/postmaster public key req.pem
Using configuration from /etc/ssl/openssl.cnf
Check that the request matches the signature
Signature ok
Certificate Details:
 Serial Number:
   84:d2:c3:8b:19:9f:ea:87
  Validity
   Not Before: May 26 21:28:20 2008 GMT
   Not After : May 25 21:28:20 2012 GMT
 Subject:
   name = Postmaster
   surname = HomeWorks
   organizationName = Home Works S.p.A.
   organizationName = http://www.homeworks.it
   organizationalUnitName = HomeWorks IT Department
    commonName = Postmaster HomeWorks
   emailAddress = postmaster@homeworks.it
   localityName = Reggio Emilia
   stateOrProvinceName = Italy
   countryName = IT
 X509v3 extensions:
   X509v3 Basic Constraints:
     CA:FALSE
   Netscape Comment:
     eMail Signing Encryption Certificate
   Netscape Cert Type:
     S/MIME
   X509v3 Key Usage: critical
     Digital Signature, Non Repudiation, Key Encipherment, Data Encipherment
    X509v3 Extended Key Usage:
     E-mail Protection
    X509v3 Subject Key Identifier:
      57:E9:23:6E:F4:D6:3D:11:BD:37:81:02:04:1E:D4:02:04:55:C3:EB
    X509v3 Authority Key Identifier:
      keyid:AC:47:B3:A7:7D:26:8C:FB:07:56:73:B6:62:1D:0F:EB:68:8E:93:D7
      DirName:/O=Home Works S.p.A./O=http://www.homeworks.it/OU=HomeWorks IT
Department/CN=HomeWorks Root CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it/L=Reggio
Emilia/ST=Italy/C=IT
     serial:F0:27:8F:E6:31:7D:C5:D7
    Authority Information Access:
     CA Issuers - URI:http://www.homeworks.it/ca/cainfo.html
   X509v3 CRL Distribution Points:
     URI:http://www.homeworks.it/crl/issuing ca.crl
   X509v3 Certificate Policies:
     Policy: HW-CPS
        CPS: http://www.homeworks.it/ca/homeworks_cps.html
        User Notice:
         Explicit Text: Home Works S.p.A. Certification Practice Statement
      Policy: HW-MAIL-Cert
        User Notice:
          Explicit Text: Home Works S.p.A. Signature and Encryption Mail Certificate Policy
Certificate is to be certified until May 25 21:28:20 2012 GMT (1460 days)
Sign the certificate? [y/n]: y
1 out of 1 certificate requests certified, commit? [y/n] y
Write out database with 1 new entries
Data Base Updated
```

Then we create the <u>PKCS#12</u> certificate :

openssl pkcs12 -export -in \$CADIR/certs/postmaster_public_cert.pem -inkey \$CADIR/private/postmaster_private_key.pem -certfile \$CADIR/global_ca_public_cert.pem -name "Postmaster HomeWorks Certificate" -out \$CADIR/certs/postmaster_digital_sign_cert.pfx

Enter Export Password: homeworks

and finally we <u>import the certificate</u> *\$caDIR/certs/postmaster_digital_sign_cert.pfx* within the mail client with you want to send emails to be digitally signed as **Postmatser Home Works**.

We create the digital certificate to be assigned to Mr. Mario Rossi. We proceed to create Mr. Rossi's public/private key pairs for:

openssl req -new -nodes -keyout \$CADIR/private/rossi mario private key.pem -out \$CADIR/request/rossi_mario_public_key_req.pem Generating a 1024 bit RSA private key writing new private key to '/usr/lib/ssl/misc/CA/private/rossi mario private key.pem' You are about to be asked to enter information that will be incorporated into your certificate request. What you are about to enter is what is called a Distinguished Name or a DN. There are quite a few fields but you can leave some blank For some fields there will be a default value, If you enter '.', the field will be left blank. First Name (eg, Alessandro) []: Mario Surname (eg, Tani) []: Rossi Organization Name (eg, your company) [Home Works S.p.A.]: Home Works S.p.A. Internet Company Web Site [http://www.homeworks.it]: http://www.homeworks.it Organizational Unit Name (eg, your department) [HomeWorks IT Department]: HomeWorks IT Department Person Name (Common Name) []: Rossi Mario Email Address (max 64 characters) [support@homeworks.it]: mrossi@homeworks.it Locality Name (eg, city) [Reggio Emilia]: Reggio Emilia State or Province Name (full name) [Italy]: Italy Country Name (2 letter code) [IT]: IT Please enter the following 'extra' attributes to be sent with your certificate request A challenge password (between 6 and 20 characters) []: mariorossi

We digitally sign the public key just generated, remember that the digital certificate of Mr. Rossi should be valid for only one year (-days 365):

```
openssl ca -policy policy anything -days 365 -out $CADIR/certs/rossi mario public cert.pem
-infiles $CADIR/request/rossi mario public key req.pem
Using configuration from /etc/ssl/openssl.cnf
Check that the request matches the signature
Signature ok
Certificate Details:
 Serial Number:
   84:d2:c3:8b:19:9f:ea:88
  Validitv
   Not Before: May 26 21:49:19 2008 GMT
   Not After : May 25 21:49:19 2009 GMT
  Subject:
   name = Mario
   surname = Rossi
   organizationName = Home Works S.p.A.
   organizationName = http://www.homeworks.it
    organizationalUnitName = HomeWorks IT Department
    commonName = Rossi Mario
    emailAddress = mrossi@homeworks.it
   localityName = Reggio Emilia
   stateOrProvinceName = Italy
   countrvName = IT
 X509v3 extensions:
   X509v3 Basic Constraints:
     CA:FALSE
    Netscape Comment:
     eMail Signing Encryption Certificate
    Netscape Cert Type:
```

```
S/MIME
   X509v3 Key Usage:
     Digital Signature, Non Repudiation, Key Encipherment, Data Encipherment
   X509v3 Extended Key Usage:
     E-mail Protection
   X509v3 Subject Key Identifier:
     EC:34:1A:1B:69:07:16:71:8B:C5:3C:95:ED:FE:BA:09:41:16:F9:C9
   X509v3 Authority Key Identifier:
      kevid:AC:47:B3:A7:7D:26:8C:FB:07:56:73:B6:62:1D:0F:EB:68:8E:93:D7
      DirName:/O=Home Works S.p.A./O=http://www.homeworks.it/OU=HomeWorks IT
Department/CN=HomeWorks Root CA/emailAddress=support@homeworks.it/L=Reggio
Emilia/ST=Italy/C=IT
      serial:F0:27:8F:E6:31:7D:C5:D7
   Authority Information Access:
     CA Issuers - URI:http://www.homeworks.it/ca/cainfo.html
   X509v3 CRL Distribution Points:
     URI:http://www.homeworks.it/crl/issuing_ca.crl
   X509v3 Certificate Policies:
     Policy: HW-CPS
        CPS: http://www.homeworks.it/ca/homeworks cps.html
        User Notice:
         Explicit Text: Home Works S.p.A. Certification Practice Statement
      Policy: HW-MAIL-Cert
        User Notice:
         Explicit Text: Home Works S.p.A. Signature and Encryption Mail Certificate Policy
Certificate is to be certified until May 25 21:49:19 2009 (365 days)
Sign the certificate? [y/n]: y
1 out of 1 certificate requests certified, commit? [y/n] y
Write out database with 1 new entries
Data Base Updated
```

We create the Mr Rossi's PKCS#12 certificate :

```
openssl pkcs12 -export -in $CADIR/certs/rossi_mario_public_cert.pem -inkey

$CADIR/private/rossi_mario_private_key.pem -certfile $CADIR/global_ca_public_cert.pem -name

"Mario Rossi Certificate" -out $CADIR/certs/rossi_mario_digital_sign_cert.pfx

Enter Export Password: mariorossi

Verifying - Enter Export Password: mariorossi
```

Once achieved the Mario Rossi's PKCS#12 certificate, we deploy this ceritificate to Mario Rossi.

Installation of certificates PKCS#12 on Thunderbird

For simplicity, **Postmaster HomeWorks**, and Mr. **Mario Rossi** use a Windows XP Professional as Operating System and as e-mail client the program <u>Thunderbird</u>. The files

postmaster_digital_sign_cert.pfx and **rossi_mario_digital_sign_cert.pfx** being copied, inside of the folder **C:\Certificates**. To import the certificate PKCS#12, on <u>Thunderbird</u> you can just follow the recipe below:

- start Thunderbird;
- open the Tools -> Options... -> Advanced -> Certificates -> Manage Certificates...;
- open the tab named Your Certificates;
- Click on Import;
- import the file C:\Certificates\postmaster_digital_sign_cert.pfx on the location in which it
 operates Postmaster HomeWorks, the file C:\Certificates\rossi_mario_digital_sign_cert.pfx
 on the location in which it operates Mario Rossi;
- click **OK**;
- in the **Options** menu, click**OK**;
- open the **Tools** ->Account Settings;

- go in the section for the account or **Postmaster HomeWorks** or **Mario Rossi** and go to **Security** tab;
- go on Select, and insert the certificate Postmaster HomeWorks Certificate or Mario Rossi Certificate, depending on which account you operate, in subsections Digital Signing and Encryption;
- select Digitaly sign message (by default) and Never (do not use encryption);
- click OK;
- try to send a message and check that the digital signature is correct;
- if you wish, at this point you can close Thunderbird.

In this way Thunderbird send e-mails of Postmaster HomeWorks or Mario Rossi, digitally signed.

Conclusions

The PKI configuration proposed, based on the program <u>OpenSSL</u>, is suitable for a small reality business or for a small ISP, which must not generate more than one or two certificates each month. If the business needs require the provision of more digital certificates per day, should be better to use PKI systems more sophisticated than that exhibited in this article (especially if you want to automate issuing digital certificates themselves). However, leaving this out from what is the solution adopted, the mechanisms behind the administration of a PKI infrastructure are exactly those reported in this article. Finally, the procedures described in this article, can be easily automated creating the appropriate Bash script, for example, you may consult the article <u>How to Set Up an OpenSSL TEST CA</u>.

Web Reference and Bibliography

For more information on digital certificates and PKI infrastructure, you can read following sites or documents:

- <u>X.509</u>
- Certificate Revocation List (CRL)
- <u>Public Key Cryptography Standards</u>
- OpenSLL X509v3 Configuration
- RFC3280 Certificate and Certificate Revocation List (CRL) Profile
- <u>Network Security with OpenSSL</u>
- Planning for PKI: Best Practices Guide for Deploying Public Key Infrastructure
- <u>Object Identifiers (OID)</u>

May be particularly useful the following books:

- *Ralf Hildebrandt, Patrick Koetter*, **The book of Postfix State-Of-The-Art Message Transport** (No Starch Press, ISBN: 1-59327-001-1);
- *Russ Housley, Tim Polk* **Planning for PKI, Best Practices Guide for Deploying Public Key Infrastructure** (Wiley Networking Council Series);